Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
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Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 55,156—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 2-39 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
8th Oct.	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
22nd "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
29th "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th "	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
3rd Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
17th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	.....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd "	ARCADIA	7909	.....	...
25th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7538	.....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 450 or Rs. 324	Rs. 751 or Rs. 391
To London by Sea	Rs. 523 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

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AGENTS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

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ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Oct. 1910
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	12th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	A. Tait	29th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	A. Tait	26th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	23rd " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	576
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	974
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 445.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, orphan Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B, I, S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.
Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka	1695	Thurs.	6th Oct.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	7th "	6 a.m.*	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	10th Oct.	11 a.m.	†P D & C M

†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 6th Oct. sailing (for mails and Passengers) as Muscat, Sirabire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on Monday, 10th October, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Nailor, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Borreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

A. STEAMER sailing on or about the 5th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct),

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY,

5th October, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	13rd Nov.
SALAZIE	4,147	Riquier	24th Nov.
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. 1911.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	19th Jan "
SALAZIE	4,147	Riquier	16th Feb. "
SYDNEY	4,118	Costa	16th Mar. "
DJUMBEA	2,683	Robutat	13th Apl. "
POLYNESIEN	6,363	X	11th May "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	8th June "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigation General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains:	To Sail on or about
Armand Behic	6,385	X	7th Oct. 1910.
Australien	6,365	X	4th Nov.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

	Tons	Leave Bombay about
s. s. Umsinga	4,500	25th November, 1910.

Fare Rs. 400.

For further particulars, apply to:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Oct. 1910
D. Baldnino	4,580	D. Maganznie,	15th Nov. "
R. Rubattino	4580	L. Manchini,	15th Dec. "

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Oct. 1910
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. "
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Dec. "

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

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LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,000,000

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Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States,	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States.	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

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Esplanade Road, Bombay. Acting Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£225,000

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The London Joint Stock Bank.
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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MUKDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	" 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	" 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble Sir SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
Sir COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
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RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager

LIQUID LIPPS

is the name by which the Popular Pianos manufactured by RICHARD LIPP are known. In both Hemispheres—Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and the Far East, the

LIQUID LIPPS

are known and appreciated. The Popularity of these Pianos is evidenced by testimonials from all parts of the globe testifying unanimously to their excellent qualities in detail.

LIQUID LIPPS

are the Pianos par excellence for India as they are built and warranted to stand the extremes of a tropical climate in that they have complete metal frames cast in one piece and yet maintain all that

LIQUIDNESS OF TONE

which is the outstanding feature of these celebrated and covetable Pianos combining as they also do the desirable musical quality of

LIQUID TOUCH

which is capable of the most exquisite expression and further they will stand absolutely in perfect tune to the recognised full musical pitch in any climate. The pitch known as

PHILHARMONIC

which is higher than the pitch at which most Pianos are tuned in India. The most moderate priced Piano ever offered in India.

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MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

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THE following from the CUTTING PACKING Co., Californian Fruits in Syrup in 2½ lbs. tins, Extra quality, PEACHES, PEARS and APRICOTS, at Re. 1-4 per tin, and ROYAL ANNE CHERRIES, in 3 lbs. tins, at Re. 1-8 per tin.

Whole ASPERAGUS, 1st choice (PAUL ERASMI AND Co.), at Rs. 2-8; per Dozen, Rs. 27.

Fruits in Syrup, Extra quality, in Bottles, at Re. 1-10 per Bottle, from the well known House of Messrs. DANDICOLLE AND GAUDIN, at Bordeaux.

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From
THE ITALIAN STORES,
C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ALL GOLD"

Californian New Season's Fruit Fresh consignment just arrived in large 2½ lb. tins.

Cases containing ... 6 LEMON CLING PEACHES.
6 APRICOTS.
5 BARTLETT PEARS.
3 ROYAL ANN CHERRIES.
3 GREENGAGE PLUMS.
1 BLACKBERRIES.
Rs. 22-8 per case...
OR RE. 1 PER TIN. SELECTED.

OBTAINABLE ONLY FROM
MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

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GUTTÆ VITÆ
Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness and the loss Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 3d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 1s. 3d., and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

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DUNLOP
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Send along your OLD TYRES and have them retreaded under the Dunlop System which is the best ever discovered. Repairs to TUBES of every description. ESTIMATES and REPORTS FREE.

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ENGINE OILS. | MOTOR OILS.
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Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1
BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.
BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.
BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.
BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
Scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.
BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 P.M. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

TEAK AND OTHER TIMBER.

THE Undersigned will hold an AUCTION SALE of about 57,050 cubic feet of TEAK, 220 cubic feet of BLACKWOOD and 6,060 cubic feet of JUNGLEWOOD, at the Kodibag Depot, near Karwar, on the 14th November, 1910, and following days.

For further particulars apply to the Undersigned.

W. A. MILLER,
Divisional Forest Officer,
W. D. Kanara.

Karwar, 1st October, 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

- They are self-adjusting.
- There is nothing to break.
- They are always Horizontal.
- They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
- No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
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Spend Re. 1-3 yearly

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MASTER BUILDER of impaired Tissues and dedish Nerves. A marvellous BRAIN FOOD.

Per Bottle, Rs. 3-8.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath. Post Office telephone in every suite. Table d'Hote and Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

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PROPRIETOR.

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MAY BLOSSOM
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NIGHT	"	9-30 to 11-30.

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ON

Y. M. C. A. TENNIS COURTS,

(BACK BAY).

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6TH, 9-15 P. M.

ADMISSION, Re. 1.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... ,, 16,600,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Haien	Nagasaki
Changching	Newchwang
Dairen (Dalny)	New York
Hankow	Osaka
Hongkong	Pekin
Honolulu	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Kobe	San Francisco
Liaoyang	Shanghai
London	Tiehling
Lyons	Tientsin
Fengtien (Mukden)	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business is transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,00,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS :

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
POOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

Established over a Century.

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ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

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RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

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in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion easy to take safe lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
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BANKS.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:
Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,305,710.96

LONDON OFFICE : Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES :

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

S. KISSEL,
Acting Manager.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND, EMERALD, AND PEARL JEWELLERY.

Under instructions from the pledge, Mr. Gordhandas Ranchhoddas Bhagat and with the consent of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver of the estate of Heerabhai Gellabhai, appointed by the High Court of Bombay in Suit No. 735 of 1907, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 11th October, 1910, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, the following very valuable jewellery, pledged by the late Heerabhai Gellabhai

PARTICULARS.

(1) One very big diamond pin.
(2) Three diamond rings.
(3) Two diamond ear-rings.
(4) One diamond set in rough mount.
(5) One diamond ear-ring, less 2 diamonds.
(6) One emerald bead necklace, 49 pieces.
(7) One pearl emerald bead, necklace, 32 pearls and 9 emerald beads.
(8) One pearl emerald bead necklace, 24 pearls and 9 emerald beads.
(9) One bundle drilled pearls, about 626 pieces, weighing about 23 tanks.
(10) One drilled pearl drop string.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand Wadia and Co., Attorneys for the Pledgee, herein at their office No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort.

The above ornaments will be on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneers, 4 days before the day of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY, the 13th October, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 30, Beach Road, Upper Colaba, next to the Royal Artillery Mess, Upper Colaba, the valuable teakwood and blackwood household furniture by Robert and Davjee Canji, rich glassware and crockery ware, handsome rubber-tyred victoria, brown waler mare, English harness, sweet-toned cottage piano, etc., the property of Captain P. G. Davies.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 5th October, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, on FRIDAY, the 7th day of October 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), the following :—

The surplus stock of Messrs. Joosub Haji Jan Mahomed and Co., "Cheap Jack" of Esplanade Road, consisting of flannel, cashmere, mercerised, and serge suits, Oxford and zephyr shirts, dress shirts, collars, straw, sola and felt hats, tweed caps, flannel and silk dressing gowns, socks, remnants of woollen and cotton piece goods, leather hand-bags, sticks, show cases, cupboards, tables, etc.

On account of the consignors, 50 casks, superior English glazed tiles for dado, toilet rooms, closets, etc., of different art colours.

On account of the concerned :

1 cast 150 pieces white lawn.
1 case 62 pieces Dorias.
3 bales s. h. clothings.
2 cases wall paper.
10 cases mineral water.
6 cases claret :—St. Julien, St. Estaphe, Chatian Lafite Rosarne, and Medoc.
10 cases champagne.
3 cases french butter.
3 sh. English watches by Dent and French, gold, open face and hunting.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th October, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF 45 CASES CASSIA.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), on account of the concerned the following damaged goods :—

45 cases cassia.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE and UNCLAIMED BOOKED and UNBOOKED ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company and in accordance with Section No. 55 and 56 of the Indian Railway Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 15th October, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba, next to the Tramway Company's stables.

A quantity of valuables and unclaimed booked and unbooked articles and cotton pickings.

A descriptive list of the booked articles can be sent at any station on the broad gauge section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

MENESSE & Co

Bombay, 5th October, 1910.

Stephens'
Inks
Ribbons
AND
Carbons
For Typewriters.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

SALE on SATURDAY, the 8th instant.

On SATURDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 15 Queen's Road, Marine Lines, very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, plain and carved dining, drawing, office and bedroom and household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plate drawe, sliding dining table, arms and without arms chairs, large mirror back sideboards, and dumbwaiters, handsome drawing-room, suite of sofas and chairs, artistic-made cabinets and chiffoniers, marble top octagon and round tables, office tables with drawers, angle and double mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, clothes, presses, marble-top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, dissection case, histology case, a set of one dozen tooth forceps, Chesterfield sofas, Singapore cane furniture, bentwood chairs, rich curtains, rich engravings in frames, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging hall and wall lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, one gentleman bicycle, Royal Swift, with Dunlop tyres, free wheels, two brakes, lamp, bell, pump, complete, etc., etc., the property of Officers' Mess, and Officers, 116th Mahrattas.

The property of another gentleman :—

One handsome strong rubber-tyred biclcle wheels, glass fronted miniature brougham, in good condition, with a handsome strong bay arab horse and a set of harness.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 8th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.).

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred glass fronted minature brougham, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness.

SALE on SUNDAY, the 9th instant.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. K. R. Cama, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on SUNDAY, the 9th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at "Mount House," Victoria Road, Byculla, next to Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart's bungalow, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass crockery and plated ware, large dinning table and chairs, dinner wagons, teapoys, stands with shelves, drawing-room, suite of sofas and chairs, rich cabinets, flower ground carpets, one handsome sweet-toned cottage piano, Parian and Dresden figures, rich ornaments, table hanging and hall lamps, mirror door almyrahs, dressing and washhand tables, leather lined sofas, cane furniture, writing tables, wall and table clocks, Satrooms and Imari vases, copper utensils, garden pots, etc., etc.,

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE on WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant.

On WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Nepean Road, Malabar Hill, very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, also open carved, household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, sliding table, arms and without arms chairs, large mirror back sideboards, and dumbwaiters, handsome drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, artistic-made cabinets and chiffoniers, marble top octagon and round tables, office tables with drawers, angle and double mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, clothes, presses, marble-top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Chesterfield sofas, Singapore cane furniture, bentwood chairs, rich curtains, rich engravings in frames, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, etc., etc., the property of N. W. Kemp, Esqr., Chief Judge, Small Causes Court, and another.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNEIT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo reclamation next to Taj Mahal Hotel, ground floor, Alexandra Mansion, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved, also English and American, household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, square dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dinner wagons, drawing-room suits of sofas and chairs, rich carpets, table ornaments, fancy cabinets, American revolving top writing table, glass door book presses, dressing and wash-hand tables, single and double bedsteads, iron safe, mirror door single and double almyrahs, chest of drawers, teapoys, tables, lamps, vases, cane furniture, utensils, etc., etc., the property of J. R. Tickell, Esq., Chief Engineer, B. B and C. I. Railway, and others.

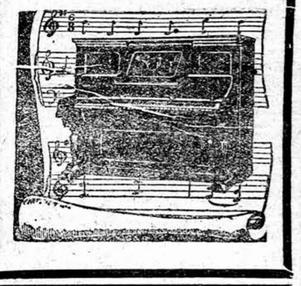
Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co

Bombay, 5th October, 1910.

S. ROSE & CO.'S
PIANOS
Are selected from the Stocks of the World's best makers. They are specially built for India, and are supplied on special terms for Cash or Monthly Payments.

FORT, BOMBAY.
S. ROSE & CO.



CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the atest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture,

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

FOR SALE.

BERTHON BOAT to hold 4. Mast sail, rudder sculls complete. In excellent order. Rs. 250. Open to reasonable offer. Apply D. S. P., Ahmednagar.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL, MATHERAN, with 25 bed-rooms with tiled flooring, each 14 by 16 feet with front verandah, separate bath and dressing-room.

E. K. KHAN, Proprietor.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. FACING THE SEA. FORT, BOMBAY.

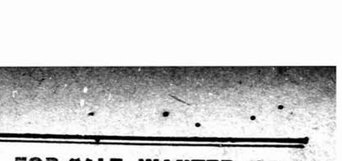
CLARKES. B. 41 PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY
SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

I possess numerous certificates from officials, European Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to convince, are requested to come and inspect them.



SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases. They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below :—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia, Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 93 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much irritation, burning and pain are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The unnatural increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, ilion, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in that body after 16 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism Gout, and Paralysee, acute of chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORRHEA, STERLITY, and monthly disorders, and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Insipid an Melibee—and complaints also thereto. Pot-sores and carcels, are thoroughly cured by harmless Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heating sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweet taste in the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGERS OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows :—
For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantatis Pills and Oil for 20 days, Rs. 12-8.
For Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 8-8.
For Windy & Fity body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 4-4.
For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.
For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 8-8.
For Bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 4-8.
For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 4.
For Rheumatism, Goutand Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

Up-country orders are promptly executed by value payable post. Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and B

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Monday, 3rd October should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Investigator...Lieut Danson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Palinurus.....Lieut Danson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Lawrence.....Comdr Mills .....R I M
R I M S Minto.....Lt Comdr G H S Latouche...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 4.

Bulimba.....1607 Butler .....M M & Co
Banca.....3794 Collyer .....P & O S N & Co
Birmingham.....2612 Carter .....
Barque Brilliant...3609 Morrison ...Standard Oil & Co
Caithness .....4222 Proctor ...W & A Graham & Co
Clan Mackay.....1653 Leslie ...James.....Finlay & Co
Hilfern.....2776 Williams.....
Madura.....1273 Bamber .....M M & Co
80 9...W & A Graham & Co
Najmi .....2522 Hallet .....E & A M Jeewanji
Norfolk .....2349 Erland.....Cory Brothers & Co
Sefid.....503 Willoughby .....H & H S N & Co
Virawa.....2176 Emmett .....M M & Co
Visigoth.....2613 Rule .....T Morrison & Co
Zoroaster .....2376 Wickham...W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 4.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Delta	4780	Snow	Shanghai	26 10	P & O S N & Co
B Sandon Hall	3293	Haddy	Calcutta	10 10	Killick Nixon & Co
C & R Merton Hall	3773	Prowes	Karachi	5 10	Killick Nixon & Co
D & E Firozi	2029	Primrose	Jeddah	8 10	B & P S N & Co
G Islami	1605	Green	Jeddah	6 10	B & P S N & Co
K Khasrou	2410	Beard	Jeddah	14 10	B & P S N & Co
L Shah Jehan	2566	Born	Jeddah	8 10	B & H S N & Co
M Budrie	1613	Jones	Jeddah	12 10	G Jeewanji & Sons
O Mohammadi	1251	Geddis	Darasalam	8 10	B & P S N & Co
P Avala	2385	Canham	Dunkirk	5 10	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Shah Ameer	1922	Halse	Mauritius	8 10	B & H S N & Co
2 Circassia	4326	Osborne	Liverpool	15 10	W & A Graham & Co
3 Harpagus	3671	Johnson	Antwerp	6 10	W & A Graham & Co
4 Candidate	3326	Booth	Antwerp	8 10	Killick Nixon & Co
5 Colombo Maru	2920	Combs	Kobe	7 10	N Y Kaisha
6 Marca	1437	Adams	Dunkirk	8 10	K Nixon & Co
7 Warturm	3127	Schmidt	Karachi	6 10	W & A Graham & Co
9 Quetimba	4937	Smith	Java	11 10	M M & Co
10-11 Knight of the Thistle	4286	Brown	Dunkirk	8 10	Killick Nixon & Co
12&13 Arabia	4098	Palmer	London	8 10	P & O S N Co
14 Dwarka	759	Moxon	Busreh	6 10	M M & Co
15 Kingeraig	2562	Reid	Cochin	5-10	Killick Nixon & Co

M W D D

Arcadia	3511	Barcham	Shanghai	12 10	P & O S N Co
Singu	1912	Morrison	Rangoon	5-10	30 ton Crane Shaw Wallace & Co

H W P D

Satrunji	547	Esmail	Repairing		Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Fakeera	Karachi	4 10	Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri	553	Dawood	Bunder	5 10	Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati	443	Ebrahim	Marmagoa	5 10	Bo S N Co Ld

DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
Hild	Salvesen	Bangkok
Nadir	Ellis	Calcutta
Valdura	McFougall	Philadelphia
Milwaukee	Smith	Hull

The following vessels obtain their portclearance on Tuesday :—

Steamer Kin Craig, Reid, Calcutta.
" Merton Hall, Prowse, Karachi,
" Singu, Morrison, Rangoon.

The following vessel began to load on Tuesday :—

Steamer Delta, for China.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Glasgow, passed the Suez Canal on the 1st instant and is expected to arrive in Bombay between 9 p.m. and midnight on Monday the 10th idem.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 4.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—6,000 cwt wheat, Ralli Bros; 210 cwt nigerseed and 550 cwts dillseed, Baur and Krause ; 1,390 cwts oil cakes, M Jaffarbhoy ; 56 bales goat hair and 902 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co; 10,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

Harpagus s—945 cwts myrabolams, G Madhawji and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—6 bales carpets Fleming Shaw and Co; 20 bales skins, A H Mahomed; 85 bales skins, W and A Grahon and Co; 14 bales skins, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 20 cwts fishmaws, R Dhunji and Co ; 80 cwts fishmaws, J M Rahimtoolı ; 18 cwts fishmaws, K N Mianee and Co; 51 cwts old rubber, A H A Shahiwalla; 100 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co; 22 packages. moonj mats, Latham and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Arabia s—4 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.
Circassia s—7 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—110 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia—2,400 cwt groundnuts 2,000 cwt castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 2000 cwt castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 11,000 cwt castorseed, 16,000 cwt wheat, 100 bales cotton, 4,740 cwt linseed, and 2,000 cwt linseed Ralli Bros.

FOR GLASGOW.

Circassia s—10,000 cwt wheat and 12,000 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Harpagus s—310 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 1,500 cwt castorseed, and 800 cwt mowrasseed, Ralli Bros.

Candidate s—3,200 cwt mowrasseed, 3,000 cwt poppyseed, 6,000 cwt rapeseed 32,000 cwt linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Avala s—200 cwt mustarseed, Volkart Bros.
Knight of the Thistle s—550 bales cotton, Bamji and Co ; 400 cwt buffalo horns, E Mahomed.
Marca s—4,000 cwt poppyseed Volkart Bros ; 220 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Warturm s—300 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Marca s—4,000 cwt rapeseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Knight of the Thistle s—538 bales cotton fly, H E Bodé and Sons ; 50 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton, Waltar Pavri and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Arcadia s—800 bales twist, S J David and Co; 90 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co; 28 3-4 cwt fishmaws, and 43 3-4 cwt sharkfins, K N Mianee and Co.
Colombo Maru s—100 bales twist, C Bhawanidas.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—1,000 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co; 500 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 525 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co; 200 bales twist, S J David and Co. 200 bales twist C Bamonji and Co.
Colombo Maru s—800 bales twist, M B Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Colombo Maru s—5 cwts condiments, M Poonjiaji and Sons; 1,200 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co; 900 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Colombo Maru s—25 cwt raisin, C M Bhesania and Co.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, October 3.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ...	80 1-2+5-16
Rentes 3 per cent	97-1-4
3 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)...	93 1-1—1-4
3 1-2 per cent Government Securities	62 7-8—1-3
Bar Silver in London, ...	24 7-8—1-16
Do. 2 months hence	24 7-8 -1-16
Closing Tone of Silver.—Quiet—Dull.	
Silver in New York	58 7-3
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-24+1-2
Do do Berlin ...	20-45 unchgd
Do do New York ...	4-86 2-9
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4 p.c. since 29-9-10
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st.	3 3-4+1-16
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st...	3 3-4+1-3
Do Fine Trade Bills 3 months.	4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months..	4 1-4 unchgd
Interest day to day loans ...	2 1-4 unchgd
Do. 7 day market loans ...	2 1-2 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ...	77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate)	1 3 15-16 unchgd

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—

Bills on Madras Rs. 4,60,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.

MANCHESTER, October 3.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL— Bales.

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot ... Large demand,
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ... Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market ... Quiet but steady.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ... 20,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp 500
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ... 1,200
Do. Day's Imports 10,000
Mid Americans ... ... 7-7+7
Egyptian F. G. F. ... ... 11 7-8 unchgd.

Cotton Delivery	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.
Mid Uplands G. O. C.	7.35 +8	7-21 +9	7-32 +10	7-32 +10	7-33 +10

Liverpool	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.	M.-J.
	7.35 +10	7-35 +10	7-37 +11	7-35 +11

NEW YORK, October 3.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	57,000
Do. Last year	59,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	9,000
Do. Exports to Continent	16,000
Spot Cotton	13·90+15
Futures at New York Dec.	14·08+23 Advanced on favorable cables and on bullish government condition report.
Do do Mar.	14·23+30

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	13 11-16+1-3
Futures at New Orleans Dec. ...	13·99+29
Do at New Orleans Mar. ...	14·21+33

Closing tone of Futures—Steady.

The United States department of agriculture in its monthly report on the cotton crop states the average condition of the crop is 66·9 per cent.

The United States census Bureau gives the amount of cotton ginned up to 25th September as 23,02,000 commercial bales.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 36
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Buyers.
Wheat afloat for United Kingdom 20,00,000

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian.—37 1-4 Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 46 1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 45
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs ex-ship... ... ... 40 1-3
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Wether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firmer.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 76
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Done.
Tone of Linseed.—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata 70
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Port—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Nominal.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... 5-10—Value.—Flat.

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 11

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. 13 3 3-4
Months of Shipment.—Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

BOMBAY, October 4.

EXCHANGE.

The market was firm and opened at T. T. 1s. 4 1-32d., demand 1s. 4 1-16d. and 3 months' sight credits at 1s. 4 9-32d.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready	1s. 4 1-16d.
D. D. Mail ...	1s. 4 1-16d. to 1s. 4 2-32d.
T. T. Forward ...	1s. 4 3-32d. 15 Nov.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready	1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits 3 m/s	1s. 4 5-16d.
,, ,, Forward ...	1s. 4 5-16d.
,, ,, 6 m/s Ready ...	1s. 4 11-32d.
France 3 m/s ,, ...	171
Marks 3 m/s ,, ...	139
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	133 1-2
,, Shanghai ...	180 1-2
,, Japan ...	145 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market opened at Rs. 93-12 ready and Rs. 93-10 forward, declined to Rs. 93-11 and Rs. 93-9 and has closed at the opening rates.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London was 1-16 down and New York declined by 1-4.

Locally the Silver market opened steady at Rs. 72-5-0, but local banks being buyers prices advanced by two annas and closed at Rs. 72-7-0. Demand for ready was as usual.

The Gold market was steady. Demand seemed moderate and prices remained unchanged.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
8 touch Fakirsett	23	9	0
97 touch Chiutu	23	7	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch	24	0	0
National Bank	24	1	0
Chartered Bank	24	0	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	0
English Gold	23	15	6
Native Bullion	23	15	6
Indian Specie Bank	23	15	6

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	72	6	0
117 Penny Ready	72	5	0
Local per tola	0	11	3

FUTURES.

First Settlement	72	7	0
Second do	72	8	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Firm. Demand good. London market being firm prices here advanced by four annas.
Rapeseed.—Firm. London market being firm prices here advanced by ten annas.
Wheat—Steady. Demand moderate. Prices advanced by half an anna.
Mowrasseed and Cottonseed—Steady.
Castorseed.—Quiet. Sellers being firm prices declined by four annas.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	Rs. 13 0 0
Linseed, Small ...	,, 13 14 0
Linseed, Brown ...	,, 13 2 0

RAPESEED—			
Brown Delhi ...	,,	6 8	0
Brown Cawnpore ...	,,	6 6	0
Yellow do. ...	,,	7 4	0
Do. Gujarat ...	,,	7 12	0
Brown Katni ...	,,	7 4	0
Poppyseed ...	,,	10 2	0
Castorseed ...	,,	41 0	0
WHEAT—			
Pissi ...	,,	33 to 35	
Hard Red ...	,,	31 to 32	
GINGELLYSEED—			
Yellow Hingunghat ...	,,	54 to 55	
Rai Khandesh— ...	,,	70 to 90	
Mowrasseed ...	,,	7 12 0	
Groundnuts ...	,,	44 0 0	
Cottonseed ...	,,	25 to 27	
Maize ...	,,	19 to 20	
Wheat Yellow ...	,,	40 to 42	
Khandwa ...	,,	40 to 45	
Bajaro ...	,,	27 to 30	
Joowar ...	,,	21 to 22	
Gram ...	,,	22 to 26	
Mirchan ...	,,	54 to 56	
Brown Jubbulpore ...	,,	49 to 50	
Brown Moggi ...	,,	49 to 50	
Kabra ...	,,	55 to 57	
Black Kutni ...	,,	46 to 47	
Myrabollams ...	,,	19 to 20	

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Monday, 3rd October 1910 :—

Wheat	19,134	cwts
Linseed	3,278	,,
Rapeseed	11,989	,,
Gingellyseed	1,284	,,
Poppyseed	1,131	,,
Groundnuts	174	,,
Castorseed	3,910	,,
Bice...	1,692	,,
Myrabollams	...	,,
Cottonseed	1,555	,,
Mowrasseed	51	,,
Gram	7,209	,,
Joowar	1,687	,,
Maize	19	,,

SPINNINGS.

Petits for Moorat are quoted Rs. 2,782 1-2.

BANKS.

Bombay	1,532 1-2
India	64 1-2
Indian Specie,, ...	53
Eastern Bank	76

MILLS.

Crescent	78 3-4
David	388 3-4
Kohinoor	672 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,800
New Great Eastern	185
Standard	1,050

PRESSES.

Jamna Ginning and Pressing Coy...	700
Indian Cotton	152 1-2
New Berar	595
New Mofussil	900
Volkart United	645
Bombay Cotton Press	80

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	106
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	166 1-2
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	270 C, D,
Colaba Land and Mill	1,115
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	16

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Dholka	118
Ahmedabad-Prantej	612 1-2
Tapti Valley	475

COTTON.

Liverpool was 8 to 11 points up, New York was 15 up and future were 26 and 30 up. Demand for ready lots both from exporters and Mills, was good and price remained unchanged. The opener showed 3 to 4 up and prices for New Crop were firm and advanced by Re. 1. Business in New Broach was done at Rs. 306 1-2, but there being less demand it closed at Rs. 304 1-2.

100	Swan Mills	...Broach	... 300
100	Ripon Mill	...Bengal	... 225
100	Volkart Bros	...Wadhvan	... 304
100	Morarji Mills	...Broach	... 295
100	Narandas Mill	... do	... 310
200	Colaba Land Mill...	Shenabad	...235/40
100	Madras United ...	do	... 246
100	Hindustan Mill ...	Pulgaon	... 255
100	Morarji Mill ...	Anjar	... 277

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine		...	270
,,	F Good	...	260
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine		...	282
,,	F Good	...	272
Sind Punjab Fine		...	282
,,	F Good	...	272
Khandesh Fine		...	280
,,	F Good	...	270
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine		...	259
,,	F Good	...	279
Akola Khangaum Fine		...	288
,,	F Good	...	278
Amraoti Fine		...	288
,,	F Good	...	278
Veotmal Fine		...	297
,,	F Good	...	287
Nagpore		...	299
,,	F Good	...	289
Wardha Hingunghat Fine		...	303
,,	F Good	...	293
Methia Fine		...	282
,,	F Good	...	272
Broach Gin Fine		...	315
,,	F Good	...	303
Sawginned Good		...	314
Westerns H. G.		...	316
Do M G		...	310
Broach Good	FUTURES	...	304 1-2
Bengal F G		...	284 1-2

The following are the receipts of Cotton and produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Monday, 3rd October, 1910 :—

	Bales.
Khandeish	... ,,
Central India...	... ,,
Barsi and Nagur	... ,,
Berar	... ,,
Central Provinces	66 ,,
Oomras...	66 ,,
Dholera	... ,,
Broach...	... ,,
Coompta and Dharwar	... ,,
Westerns	119 ,,
Bengals (N. W. P.)... ...	37 ,,
Bengal Rajputana	88 ,,
Sind	... ,,
Persian	9 ,,
American	... ,,
Other Sorts	... ,,
Total...	319 ,,

METALS.

We quote :—		lbs.
Copper Brazier[14 x 4		21
		28
		35
		42
		56 Rs. 53 4
		63
		70
		72
		84
Yellow Metal Sheets		21
		28 ,, 44 14 a
		35
		42 ,, 45 0 b
		49 ,, 41 10 c
		56
Tin Ingots	...	,, 42 12
Spelter S M ...	...	to 44 0
M M ...	...	
J ...	...	,, 18 8
G ...	...	
Georgshutte	...	,, 22 0
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	,, 47 12
Copper Sheetings... lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14		,, 60 0
Yellow Metal Sheetings, lbs. 14, 16 10-12		,, 46 0
	10-12 14-16	48 0

a Rex b Eng c Crusaur

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Monday, October 3.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullion	COIN, Sovs. and half Sovs.	Other Coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Box ...	.....	12,600	13,257

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions	Coin. Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
833 Bars ...	15,00,000	.....	.....

Importers.	Vessel.	From
National Bank of India Ltd	Salsette	London
E Sharafally & Co	do	Aden

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 1st & 2nd Oct. 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	14	16,570
B. B. & C. I. Railway ...	21	24,716

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpur Khas-Jhudo Feeder Railway for the week ending 17th Sept. 1910 were Rs. 1,520 making total earnings for the period 1st January 1910—17th Sept. 1910, Rs. 59,280.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The Liverpool friends of Messrs. Tata and Sons write :—

AMERICAN COTTON.

A feature of the market this week has been the further advance in September delivery, the price of which at one time yesterday reached 798d. There appears to be still a large short interest open, and rumour has it that those who have not covered, or who have not delivered the cotton by the end of the month, will not be let off under 8 1-4d. Others expect the current month to go to a higher premium over January-February than it did in 1900, when the premium reached 184 points.

It is stated that if the price advances much further, Liverpool will get fair quantities of cotton from the Continent, but we do not know whether this will help the September position much. No relief, at any rate, can be expected from America, for the bull party there is said to have secured all available September freight room.

There is therefore much danger in remaining short in the current month. With regard to the new crop, we had on Thursday last the first ginning report of the U. S. Census Bureau, of which we gave the Texas fixtures separately, with those of previous years :—

	1910	1909	1908
Texas	329,000	237,901	289,928
All other States ...	27,824	150,341	112,301
	356,824	388,242	402,229

This confirms in a remarkable way the forcing weather which has prevailed in Texas, and the lateness of the crop in other parts, for in no State but Texas has the ginning equalled that of the two preceding years.

Although the issue of the Report was followed by an immediate decline, due to selling by interested operators, it cannot be considered otherwise than as a bullish document. After all, at 8d. per lb. cotton must yield a good return to the farmer, and surely he would have strained every nerve to get his cotton ginned rather than miss the price! Moreover the August corner was then in progress, with the chance of a handsome profit in shipping early cotton to New York! If, however, in spite of these inducements, only 356,824 bales have been ginned, does it not confirm the more moderate crop ideas?

Unusual importance will now attach to the date of frost, and on this stress is laid in the monthly report of the "New Orleans Times Democrat" which we received by cable from our special correspondent in New Orleans early yesterday as follows :—"Moderate deterioration during month. Heavy weevil damage Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana. Early frost disastrous. Normal frost will shorten yield. Farmers belief higher prices strong."

This means that an abnormally late frost will be necessary to give a crop large enough for all requirements.

The farmer's idea as to price will no doubt play an important part this season, especially if the crop should be short, as seems likely. The usual efforts will be made to induce him to hold his cotton, and he cannot help attaching considerable weight to the utterances of a bull party who have gained such prestige in the South by their successful manipulation of the old crop, and who have just issued a circular to farmers, in which they say:—"The world would require 13,500,000 minimum to hold stocks for this time next year in a position no more strained than they occupy to-day. A crop of 12,500,000 would be given away if sold under 16 cents."

With regard to Lancashire, a cloud has arisen on the labour horizon which was the more unexpected in view of the recent agreement whereby peace in wages matters was assured for five years. A strike has been in progress since 14th June at an Oldham mill, and the Masters' Federation suddenly threatened to declare a general lock-out unless the strike be terminated by 10th instant, when a mass meeting of employers is to be held.

We hardly think, however, that it will come to a stoppage, for a restriction of Lancashire's output would only benefit competitors abroad, especially in America, and we think this will be realised by our spinners, who are quite alive to the improving business outlook. The Board of Trade returns show that the aggregate trade of Great Britain has eclipsed that of the "boom" year, 1907. Cotton has only suffered through lack of raw material, but now the constantly increasing enquiry is leading to the conclusion of new contracts every day.

All the foregoing can only lead us to one conclusion. As long as spinners are bare of stock, as long as crop accounts do not materially improve and a very large yield is not assured, we think a decline in price is out of the question. Remember that an abnormally late frost is necessary to secure a crop at all adequate to the growing requirements of the world.

Prices, therefore, of new crop deliveries under 7d. are cheap, and we quite expect to see them advance 1-2d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

This growth has advanced during the week, particularly near deliveries, in sympathy with American cotton.

With regard to the crop, we have had some reports of damage by fogs and boll worm, and also shedding, but from other reports we gather that insect damage, in consequence of effective action of the Government, has been insignificant, and the "water table" being lower than last year, everything has so far conduced to a large and early crop.

In a note recently issued, the Ministry of Public Works stated that in consequence of recent rains, the Nile will probably attain a higher level than usual this year. It will be remembered that it was to the pressure of water in the great Nile dams that the infiltration into the subsoil last year was partly ascribed, and in this connection we may quote a paragraph from an Alexandria friend who says:—

"Our market is on the qui vive, remembering the lesson of 1909. If you will look up our letter of the first week of September, 1909, you will see that we then spoke of estimates of 8,000,000 cantars, whereas our crop has only just reached 5,000,000." We have therefore to keep this in mind. Another valued friend cabled yesterday:—

Receipts will become heavy. The market will be lower if crop accounts continue favorable.

We understand, however, that there is a considerable short interest both in Egypt and here, and in view of bare stocks everywhere, and improving trade prospects, we have reason to believe that the new crop arrivals will be readily taken up, and that a decline, if any, would not be of a permanent nature. In fact, we feel that Egyptian cotton will probably follow the lead of American, and also advance, but we are not yet very confident in our opinion, although there is no doubt that trade has improved quite considerably in spinning circles in this country.

Sept. :—7. 925d.
O-N :—6. 905d.
N-D :—6. 84d.
J-F :—6. 805d.

Options: Nominal for small quantities (exceedingly difficult to trade in).

O-N, single 0·40d. double 0 80d.
J-F ,, 0·40d, ,, 0·80d.

EGYPTIAN :—

November, Liverpool :—10·52-64d.
January, ,, 10·28-64d.
November, Alexandria:—Tall. 20·6-32.
January, ,, Tall. 20·18-32.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 17th Sept. on 504·35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week.....	Rs. 1,50,000	Rs. 1,65,000	Rs. 4,000	Rs. 3,49,000
Or per mile of Railway.....	297	387	8	692
For previous 10 weeks of half year	15,28,000	19,30,000	41,000	34,99,000
Total for 11 weeks	16,78,000	21,25,000	45,000	38,48,000
COMPARISON.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,38,017	1,43,058	8,968	2,90,043
Per mile of Ry...	274	283	18	575
Total to corresponding date...	18,81,815	17,59,143	53,061	26,94,019
Increase for the week			Rs.	58,957
Do. to date			Rs.	1,53,981

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

PETERS—September 29, at Terriet, the wife of C E D Peters, I C S, of a son.
ROWLANDSON—September 24, at Quetta, the wife of Captain M G D Rowlandson, 38th Dogras, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

BIRNEY—LESLIE—September 27, at Christ Church, Simla, by the Venerable Archdeacon Nicolls, Captain Charles Folliot Birney, Royal Engineers, son of the late Col John Birney, Royal Engineers, to Dorothy, elder daughter of Lt-Col J T W Leslie, C I E, I M S, Sanitary Commissioner with the Govt of India.

DEATHS.

BALDERSTON—September 7, at Buxa Duars, Eastern Bengal, Captain H A Balderston, 126th Rajputana Infantry, youngest son of the late Captain A Balderston, Scottish Border Regiment, and of Mrs M Merrikin, aged 30.
EDWARDS—September 20, at the Eden Hospital, Calcutta, suddenly, Ida, wife of Horace Edwards and youngest daughter of Mrs John Beck.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Mud Sports, 5-30 p.m.
B. V. A. Promenade Concert, Town Hall, 9-30 p.m.
Skating Rink, Practice Session 8 to 9 a.m., Ladies 9 to 10 a.m., Evening 6 to 8, Night 9-30 to 11-30.

Maxim : "Meddle not with them that are given to change."

ENGLISH MAIL.

ARRIVAL.

P. and O. Company's s. s. "Egypt" with the English Mails of Septemhet 23rd which left Aden at 3 p.m on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

P. and O. Company's steamer "Arabia," leaves Bombay harbour at 2·39 p.m. on Saturday the 8th instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Armand Behic" will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p.m. on Saturday, the 8th instant.

KHOJA SAJUNEDOY MEERALLY'S DISPENSARY.—During the month of September the number of Khoja patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 1,711. Among them the number of new admission was 368 ; classified as stated below : Men 120, women 108, children 140. The average daily attendance was 57.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Maroti Santoo, a labourer on board the s. s. "Madura" had his spine injured by a bundle of cocoanuts falling on him on the 26th February last owing to the steamer suddenly listing to one side. He was in the Goculdas Hospital for some time, where he died yesterday. The Coroner was informed, and ordered the body to be disposed of as the death was due to an accident.

SHETH JAMNADAS DISPENSARY, PORBUNDAR.—During the month of September, the total number of patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 4,785 ; among them the number of new admissions was 1,466. The total is classified as follows :—Hindoos 3,816, Mussalman 839, Parsee 23, other castes 107, total 4,785. The average daily attendances was 160.

LOST PROPERTY.—The following articles are lying at the Central Police Station, Bombay, awaiting claimants :—Some walking sticks, some porcelain hot water plates, a brown waterproof coat (lady's), a lady's black satin cape, a shawl and a handkerchief, some umbrellas, some money in a bag, one silver watch, one bicycle "Models", a pyran with metal studs.

A MILITARY PENSIONER ROBBED.—Mr. O. Bartlett, a military pensioner, residing at 207, Apollo Street, has reported to the police that between 7 and

The Bombay Gazette.

Christmas Number, 1910.

TO BE PUBLISHED

MID-DECEMBER.

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the "Bombay Gazette" this year will surpass previous issues in attractiveness and interest.

Each succeeding issue has surpassed its predecessor in literary merit and in circulation, therefore the Proprietors have decided on offering a number this year which will eclipse all previous ones.

Arrangements have been made for a series of Stories and Sketches by a score of the best known authors.

The following are among other features already arranged for :—

THE GOLDEN GIRL,
By
GEORGE R. SIMS.

GENERAL BURTON'S GHOST,
By
KATHARINE TYNAN.

MISTLETOE & ROSEMARY,
By
ALICE & CLAUDE ASKEW.

A CHRISTMAS TOY,
By
TOM GALLON.

NANCY'S NEW YEAR ADVENTURE,
By
HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

THE MAGIC MISTLETOE,
By
W. E. NORRIS.

MERE DROSS,
By
JOHN STRANGE WINTER.

UNCLE BEN,
By
M. H. POYNTER.

MIDSUMMER CHRISTMAS DAY,
By
W. A. McKENZIE.

A YULETIDE MYSTERY,
By
E. EVERETT GREEN.

LOVE THE MAGICIAN,
By
A. MACCLURE WARNOCK.

DRAWING ROOM MAGIC,
By
CALTON.

HOW SANTA CLAUS CAME TO HOLLY HOUSE,
By
QUEENIE SCOTT-HOOPER.

LOUIS WAIN'S CAT SKETCHES.

PICTORIAL HUMOUR,
By
HILDA COWHAM AND OTHERS.

Sketches by Seymour Hicks, Ellaline Terriss, Harry Lauder, Marie Studholm, and other well-known actors and actresses.

Space for Advertisements will necessarily be restricted and it will therefore be necessary for intending advertisers to apply early for space and position to

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H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	6 8 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4 12 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 8 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil in Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

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COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 5th October, 1910.

CHINA'S NEW PARLIAMENT.

In compliance with persistent memorials from her people, the Prince Regent at Peking has consented to the opening of the long-promised Parliament, some time in antioipation of the date originally fixed, and China has now an opportunity of showing her appreciation of Constitutional Government. The Regent appears to have made an eminently practical speech in formally opening the assembly, and if his advice be religiously followed, it is probable the experiment will succeed. The new constitution is regarded as an attempt to make the Central Government a real and widely felt authority, coming into contact with the people at a number of points, not merely touching at points where taxation is exacted,—an attempt to create a nation out of a vast number of village communities, to grant local government indeed, but a local government always under the control of the central administration and uniform throughout the length and breadth of the Empire. One of the constitutional memorials makes this intention apparent, for it says the constitution for which the people asked was intended to consolidate the central authority of the Emperor and to draw provincial administration into the closer control of the Central Government. China's Government has been described, by a writer on constitution building, as an aristocratic rule super-imposed on a democracy, though it would be more accurate to say a monarchical rule super-imposed on a collection of village communities—a system by which the Central Government, with difficulty, holds its own against the local governments and in places where it does hold its own, holding it mainly because of its method of appointing provincial officials, a feudal condition without hereditary aristocracy. The constitution which has been evolved is, we believe, an honest endeavour to modify the hitherto prevailing conditions, for recent events have shown on the part of the Government and people alike a movement in the direction of nationality. There has been apparent, especially during the last decade, of a tendency towards unification, a greater dependence of the parts upon the whole, a distinct concentration of actual power in the Central Government. The intention of the constitution is clear. In all matters the provincial administrations are neither sovereign nor independent. They are definitely subordinate to the sovereign power of which they are not a part. The provincial representative assemblies are to be merely advisory to local officials who are under the control of the supreme sovereign.

As we have said, the constitution does not take away any part of the Emperor's sovereign power. It does not divide the sovereign authority among a number of independent persons or collection of persons. In all matters the provincial administrations are neither sovereign nor independent. Some memorialists have expressed the fear that too much power has been given to the provincial parliaments. They fear that the people's representatives have been given much of the power of law-making that formerly was possessed by the governor and other high officials of the province. They say that the governor has lost his power of deciding what shall be done and he is only left with a power of veto and that an imperfect veto over measures decided upon by the Provincial Council, which veto may be over-ridden on appeal to the National Assembly, itself a representative assembly of the people. These, says one memorialist, are all characteristics of a democratic constitution, whilst China is a constitutional monarchy. But this memorialist is apparently one of the old conservative school, opposed to granting the people any measure of self-government whatever and opposed to any change from old-established ideals. But the Regent's speech seems likely to dispel any idea of the people ever obtaining too much power, for, says he, the present is but an initial step towards a constitution, though it is the emblem of hope for a great future for the country. Moreover, our telegram makes it clear that the people have been given plainly to understand that even the Imperial Assembly which is superior in many respects to the provincial, is for the time being, at all events, but an advisory body and not a legislative one.

Accordingly to Reuter the people are elated at this partial realisation of representative Government. But their elation may be short-lived, for fortune is more fickle in China than elsewhere. Reforms have been granted before and as quickly withdrawn. Such may be the fate of the present concessions, for we find the Chinese papers filled with telegrams and communications of all descriptions which tend to show affairs in the Celestial Empire are anything but satisfactory. It is stated by a Shanghai journal that Peking is once more in the throes of the intrigues and unrest that must be its share so long as there is no strong man in the Government. Without doubt, it says, a number of China's chief counsellors at the present day are well-meaning; they stand for progress and reform, and according to their lights are all for developing the country on these lines. But their outlook is obscured by the traditions and customs of centuries. No single official has a clear grasp of statecraft in its various ramifications; and as all are more or less on the same footing in relation to the Throne, each is trying to advance his own interests by canvassing the claims of the special reform for which he stands sponsor. A Peking telegram to the *North China Daily News* says :—Conferences are still being held at the Palace. Intrigues appear to be rampant. Yuan Shih-kai's chances are declining owing to the obstruction of the Empress-Dowager's party, which, realizing the opportunity afforded by the crisis, is striving for mastery. A scheme has apparently been evolved providing that the Empress-Dowager shall supplant the Prince Regent as nominal head of the Government, while a Council of Three, namely, two Princes and a Manchu ex-Minister, will direct affairs. The scheme is considered to be hopeless and probably represents the final effort to restore reactionary petticoat government. That there is some truth in the message may be gathered from the fact that the non-influential section of the Chinese Press, joined by the Peking correspondent of the *Times*, cries aloud for the recall of Yuan Shih-kai. But his friends urge that Yuan Shih-kai could count on absolute freedom from Court and official intrigue, it might be wiser for him not to accept office until the proposed new loans have been negotiated. If, on the other hand, he can be sure of himself and of his position, it would be better to have a voice in the disposal of the money that is absolutely necessary for carrying out the numerous reforms to which the Government has pledged itself. On existing lines it is definitely asserted that the nine years' programme must land China in bankruptcy long before the completion of the constitutional scheme. The Government must, therefore, go back upon its pledges and brave public indignation against its broken faith; or it must negotiate foreign loans and sacrifice temporarily its financial autonomy, braving public opposition to a passing humiliation of the country's pride.

SCHOOL GARDENS. In no profession, is the error of confusing the process of passing examinations with the acquisition of real knowledge more likely to lead to disappointment if not disaster, than in that of an agriculturist. With these words Mr. M. E. Couchman, the Director of Agriculture in the Madras Presidency, prefaced a recent address in which he sought to emphasise the utility of school gardens. He laid it down as essential that if the Agricultural Department was to experience any less difficulty in persuading the next generation of cultivators to adopt more up-to-date methods in their cultivation, the Educational Department must make the first approaches, while they were young. The conservatism of the Indian farmer is proverbial, and the force of Mr. Couchman's moral seems so obvious that no excuse need be offered for drawing attention to the practical suggestions which he has to offer. Mr. Couchman apparently does not agree with the notion that a garden devoted to the mere growing of ornamental plants or flowers is of no use. He rather attempts to build on the broad and very reasonable foundation, that it is of little service to attempt to teach a boy new and improved methods of agriculture, which have not yet been adopted by the ryot. It is fairly clear that any such ideas which had been inculcated in a boy's mind at school would be soon discarded, or rather, perhaps, "knocked out of him," when he came to try his 'prentice hand in actual work under the supervision of an experienced cultivator. Mr. Couchman is thus very right in emphasising the point that the schoolmaster should be very chary of recommending any practical change in the ordinary methods of cultivation, adopted by the ryots of his district. It is the function of a school garden to interest the young generation in the cultivation of the land, and teach them the elementary principles, governing the production of crops, generally. Such tuition should be aimed not to induce them to attempt any immediate betterment of the methods of their seniors, but rather to prepare their minds for a ready acceptance of more advanced notions, when they themselves reach a position of some responsibility. At the same time, to return to the words quoted in our first sentence, Mr. Couchman is anxious that it should not be believed that such a preparation can be made by book knowledge alone. Some elementary practical experience such as a school garden can give is essential. The garden, he thinks, should, in the first place, be ornamental, so as to attract the interest of the child. Then, if there is sufficient space for the growing of local crops, simple experiments in different methods of planting, manuring, watering, and cultivating might be attempted. The latter, however, is not the principal point. Mr. Couchman's address contains many more valuable features than we have been able to touch upon in a brief space, but it will be found printed in full in the "Agricultural Journal of India," and we recommend it to all who are interested in the technical branches of Education.

THE MEAT FAMINE Reuter's cablegram describing the Socialist demonstration in Vienna shows how serious is the meat famine in Europe and how severely it is being felt by the working classes. It is also an interesting commentary on many statements of Free Trade orators in England who would have us believe that the German workmen, under a Protectionist system, cannot afford any meat but horse-flesh and is forced to regard ordinary beef and mutton as occasional luxuries. As a matter of fact the German workman is making as much outcry as his Austrian colleague about the rising prices of meat, although he does not yet appear to have reached the length of a monstrous procession, and had the Free Trade argument been a sound one, he has been making an enormous fuss about the absence of a luxury he scarcely ever sees. The scarcity of meat is not a phenomenon affecting Austria or Germany alone. It is being experienced, though scarcely to the same degree in England, in France and in the United States and is due to a shortage of the world's supply which it is beyond the power of any fiscal system to create or remedy. In Germany the shortage seems to be resulting in a considerable increase in the consumption of eggs, and also more horses are being slaughtered for food. It is stated that during the second quarter of the present year 29,867 were slaughtered for food throughout the German Empire, which is a record number, officially recorded for any similar period of the year. The Ministry of Agriculture apparently will not admit that any serious situation has arisen. It declares that the rise in price has been small and has been accompanied by a rise of wages, but it is significant that all the Municipalities are exercised upon the subject, and at the invitation of the Dresden Council intend to meet in conference to consider the situation. In Austria the Government has apparently recognised the existence of a genuine grievance. The Austrian meat supply depends mainly on home resources, but the high prices which have ruled generally have resulted in a heavy export, which has depleted the supply for home consumption. To counteract this, the people are agitating that the Government should take measures to foster the importation of carcases from the Argentine. In response to this, we are informed by a cable to the Australian papers, which we publish to-day, the Government have inspired action by the Viennese Chamber of Commerce, who are making inquiries in London in regard to the frozen meat trade.

THE death is reported of Mahamahopadhya Pandit Thakur Dutt, an eminent Sanskrit scholar of Multan.

A PESHAWAR correspondent says that the military will patrol the streets of Peshwar city during the Id festival.

SIR HENRY MACMAHON, Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan, will pass through Lahore on the 9th instant on his way to Simla, where he goes for a short visit.

A PEARL necklace, subscribed for by the ladies of the Punjab, the United Provinces, and Bombay, is to be presented to Her Excellency Lady Minto next Friday.

A TELEGRAM from Srinagar states that the Bishop of Lahore (Dr. Lefroy), Dr. E. F. Neve and the Rev. E. F. B. Wigram have returned from exploring the mountain, Nun Kun. They have established the identity of the Barmal Glacier with Bhot Kol, and two members of the party climbed "D 41," which is 20,570 feet high.

REUTER says the King and Queen of the Belgians have arrived in Vienna. They were given a most cordial reception by the Emperor Francis Joseph.

REUTER wires that Lord Balfour of Burleigh on Monday unveiled a monument to Dr. Guthrie, the eminent divine, in Prince's Street, Edinburgh.

PRESIDENT TAFT celebrated his fifty-third birthday on September 15.

THE New South Wales Parliament has been dissolved, and October 14 has been fixed as the date for the elections.

LORD PLYMOUTH and Mr. Abe Bailey have become Vice-Presidents of the League of the Empire.

AT one time one of the most prominent officers in the American service, Admiral Francis W. Dickins, has just died, a New York message states, at the age of sixty-seven.

TWENTY-SIX trade disputes began in the United Kingdom in August, according to statistics issued by the Board of Trade, involving 17,359 work-people and making an aggregate duration of 140,500 working days.

A PLAGUE of snails on the coast of Ceylon is assuming serious proportions. The snails feed on young cocoanut trees, and it is feared that they may attack the young rubber trees. The Government is taking measures to check the devastation.

THE Commissioner-General of the first World's Aerial Exhibition, to be held at the Crystal Palace, states that a committee has been formed to collect £6,000 to £8,000 to enable Mr. Willows to have constructed a dirigible as large and well-fitted as the largest of the French machines as a memorial of his Cardiff to London flight. The new dirigible will be of British manufacture throughout.

LIEUTENANT P. T. ETHERTON, Indian Army, who recently accomplished a remarkable journey across Asia from India to Siberia, gave some interesting notes in a lecture at Sheffield concerning the burial customs of the Kalmuks, a nomad tribe of Central Asia. Instead of burial in the orthodox manner, the body is put out on a knoll or low hill near camp, and there left to the tender mercies of dogs and birds of prey. A Kalmuk hunter with the explorer told him that should the body not be disposed of within a few, days the deceased is regarded as having been a very wayward rascal, since even the dogs are shocked and refuse to taste him. The sequel to this discovery is the chastisement of the members of the man's family, the sins of the father thus being visited upon the children.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

OLYMPIC CHAMPIONS AND PROFESSIONALISM.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, SEPT. 16.

SPORTSMEN generally will be sorry to learn that one of the best sprinters the British Empire has produced for some years has decided to embrace professionalism. This is R. E. Walker, of Natal, who jumped into fame by causing the British flag to go up as a signal of his victory in the 100 metres run at the Olympic games in 1908. He followed this up by winning the 100 yards English championship in 1909, and only failed by inches to repeat the win this year. Walker now aims at a match with J. Donaldson, of Australia, for the 100 yards world's championship and favours Johannesburg as the venue. After this his plans are uncertain, but he talks of a trip to Australia and the United States of America, where he would probably try conclusions with Postle, Holway and Cartmell.

HIS CHANCES.

Walker won the 100 metres (109 yards) race at the Olympic Games in 10 4-5 secs. There being a very slight breeze against him. On his best English form he is a sound 10 secs man for the 100 yards. This is a long way behind the time accomplished by Donaldson when the Australian beat Postle and Holway at Johannesburg in the early part of the year, though the light atmosphere of the Transvaal is far more suitable for fast sprinting than the conditions usually prevailing in England. All the same it will be necessary for Walker to improve the stand any chance against Donaldson, who is a wonder. Still, as he is only 21 1-2 years of age, there is no reason why he should not come on considerably during the next year or so. He was far from well all through the winter, but regained some of his form in July, so that there is reason to think he will come round all right, providing he takes proper care of himself.

The "going over" of Walker, following like action by A. E Wood and W. T. Clarke or Liverpool, the Marathon runner, further shows what a big future there is for professionalism if only it is taken in hand by a strong controling body.

PROMISING MATERIAL.

With Walker no longer available, and Bobby Kerr nearing the end of his career, one wonders where the British Empire is going to find a real champion sprinter for the next Olympic Games. The English governing association does nothing to encourage athletics beyond promoting an annual championship meeting, and it is no wonder it is only seldom that we see a real even timer in the country. The most promising sprinter about at present is V. H. d'Arcy of the Polytechnic Harriers, who has improved greatly during the year. He won the level 100 yards race at the South London Harriers sports last Saturday and was credited with running the distance in 10 secs. The grass course was in splendid condition, and there was a slight fall in the course at the finish, so that the time flatters the winner. He is certainly a real good man, however, and when he improves his starting, he may quite likely do "evens" for the century.

Another satisfactory performance at the South London Harriers meeting was the running of E. W. Haley in the level quarter, which he won by two yards from L. J. de B. Reed (the champion), in 50 4-5 secs. This is good time on grass for a man who has only lately taken up the distance, and if he sticks to it, he may be a worthy representative of the Empire at the Olympiad of 1912.

WRESTLING.

It was hoped that the Gama vs. Zbysco match at the Stadium last Saturday would give a further fillip to wrestling. The tactics of Zbysco, however, spoilt the affair, and put a damper on matters. The big man simply lay on his chest and acted on the defensive for 2 1-2 hours, evidently hoping to tire out his lighter rival. The public frequently called on Zbysco to do some work, but he took no notice, and at last the referee ordered a postponement of further proceedings until to-morrow. Zbysco has announced that he cannot appear, owing to the illness of his mother, so that the Indian wrestler will probably be declared the winner by default.

ROWING.

E. Barry is back in London again and looking very well after his trip to South Africa. He says he was never feeling quite right while on the Zambesi and that the change of conditions upset him more than he expected. He also expresses the hope of a match with Arnst on the Thames. It was pleasing return to hear how well Barry spoke of his rival, whom he terms "a real good sort," and adds that he is sure to be popular if he visits England. Should Barry and Arnst have a return match on the Thames, it ought to do sculling here a lot of good, and after the fine race Barry gave Arnst on the Zambesi, he ought to make even a closer fight of it on his home course.

THE TURF.

The fact that Laughing Mirror and Bronzino are the property of one owner, in making the betting on the Cesarewitch somewhat difficult to figure out. Both animals undoubtedly have good chances, but as Bronzino is also in the Cambridgeshire, Mr. J. A. de Rothschild may try for the double. Readers of these notes were recently reminded that Laughing Mirror looked to be well in the Cesarewitch, and that the animal has since been well backed is not surprising. Bronzino jumped into the limelight when he so nearly won the St. Leger and followed up by winning the Doncaster Cup. He incurs a 5lbs. penalty for the Cesarewitch and Cambridgeshire in consequence, making his imposts 7st. 12lbs. and 7st. 11lbs. respectively. His ability to stay has been noted before and one naturally thinks of the colt in connection with the long distance race. No doubt the stable companions will be tried together, but it would not surprise the writer if the connection slipped Laughing Mirror for the Cesarewitch, and the other for the Cambridgeshire. The pair would make a nice double, so that some of my readers may like to take a long chance.

FOOTBALL.

The splendid gates at last Saturday's football matches shows how popular the "Soccer" game is with the public. The results so far show that many of the crack teams have not yet found their form. Aston Villa, last season's champions, have not yet won a match, and only gained a single point in two engagements. Then there is the example of Newcastle United, the F. A. Cup holders only winning their first match last Saturday, when they beat Oldham on the promoted club's ground. Only Sunderland claims the highest possible number of points, all three matches having been won, while the other First League teams with unbeaten records are : Nottingham Forest, Notts County, Bradford and Middlesborough.

Turning to the doings of Second League teams, Chelsea accomplished a real good performance by beating Barnsley at Stamford Bridge by 3 goals to 1. It will be recalled that the beaten side met Newcastle in the final of the F.A. Cup at the Crystal Palace last April, and the Yorkshire men are hard to beat, consequently the supporters of Chelsea are right in claiming that the form of the club points to promotion.

CRICKET.

Fine batting by P. F. Warner, and brilliant bowling by Hirst, led to the easy win of Lord Londesborough's team against the M. C. C. South African team. The match concluded the Scarborough festival, and as the wicket was perfect for the last day, the task of the tourists in having to face a total of 218 was not impossible. Hirst bowled so well however, that the total stopped at 120, the Yorkshireman taking 7 wickets for 28 runs.

THE LAST MATCH.

The first class season was concluded yesterday with the decision of the Kent (Champion County) vs. Rest of England fixture at Kennington Oval.

P. F. Warner again batted well, his 126 in the first innings of the Rest being the highest of the match. Mead of Hants (63) and Sharp (50) were other good scorers, so that the total reached 401. Kent could only manage 218 in response, K. L. Hutchings (81) being the most successful. The rest then made 247 for 6 wickets before declaring. Sharp and Hobbs being to the fore with contributions of 103 not out and 61 respectively.

The attack of the rest proved too much for the Kent men when they went in again, the total only reaching 189. Hutchings again topping the score sheet with 48. Hirst and Smith did best to bring about the downfall of the batsmen, the former taking 3 wickets for 39 and the Surrey bowler 5 for 93.

The season ends with Tyldesley heading the batting table with an average of 46 22, while Hearne (J. T.) tops the bowling table with 119 wickets at a cost of 12 79, runs each. More about the performances with bat and ball may, however, be deferred until next week.

IN GENERAL.

During the course of the International water polo match between Wales and Scotland at Newport, the home captain hurt his shoulder and had to retire. The visitors then withdrew one of their men, the sporting action of the Scots giving great pleasure. The game was an even one, the scores being two all at the finish.

H. Varden and J. Braid played a couple of golf matches under match and medal conditions at the Williamswood course, near Glasgow, a few days ago. Vardon winning both, and clearing a new course record of 72.

Inman beat Deggle by no fewer than 2,641 points in their billiard match of 16,000 up, but the Reece vs. Harverson duel was much closer, the latter winning by 16,000 to 15,850.

J. Price won a 15 miles running race at Sosforth last Saturday in 1 hour 21 mins., which is a new English professional record.

G. Dawson has fully recovered the use of his eyesight and attributes this to christian science.

Bombardier Wells beat Sergt Sunshire in the sixth round of their contest last evening, after being nearly knocked out himself in the third round.

ANTI-MOSQUITO CAMPAIGN.

Covering the Wells in Bombay.

The following is the third report of the Sub-Committee of the Standing Committee regarding the question of filling in or hermetically covering wells containing anopheles mosquito larvæ.

The Sub-Committee appointed by Standing Committee Resolution No. 6856, dated the 18th February 1910, and reconstituted by Standing Committee Resolution No. 621, dated the 27th April 1910, to report on the question of filling in or hermetically covering wells containing anopheles mosquito larvæ beg to submit the following further report. The Sub-Committee have already submitted a list of a few of the worst cases of wells which in their opinion should be either filled up or altogether closed. As regards other wells after visiting several of them, the Sub-Committee feel very doubtful whether they come under the category of "the worst cases" referred to in their first report, dated the 19th March 1910. No doubt some action is necessary in the case of these wells also and it seems desirable that a definite line of action should be agreed upon in regard to such wells.

The Sub-Committee find that in the case of all wells found to contain anopheles larvæ or culex, the Health Department requires that the wells should be either filled up or hermetically closed, a pump being provided, if required, for drawing water. This requisition is strenuously objected to by the parties concerned mainly, if not solely, on religious grounds and the Sub-Committee find that although in several cases such objections are prompted more by the uncertainty of a regular supply of water and by the natural anxiety to preserve the wells for use in case of failure of tap-water supply than by religious scruples, yet there is no doubt that in the case several others who really hold and believe that pump water vitiates religious ablutions and ceremonies it would be a real hardship to offer nothing more than the alternatives tendered by the Health Department. It is, however, extremely difficult to differentiate the numerous cases and ascertain whether the objections urged are based on considerations of religion or utility.

The Sub-Committee have carefully considered these difficulties with the Commissioner and the Executive Health Officer and having regard to the religious susceptibilities of the people and the fact that Dr. Bentley at his interview with the Sub-Committee and in his ad-interim report on malaria has expressed his opinion that "in some cases wells kept free of weed and floating matter and stocked with large numbers of small fish of a species known to prey upon mosquito larvæ will probably require no other measure of protection" and that "in some cases they may be stocked with suitable fish and further protected by the provision of a cover of stone work or concrete, sheet iron, wire gauze or wood, fitted with a trap door," the Sub-Committee have come to the conclusion that it will in the first instance be at once desirable and expedient to require the owners of the objectionable wells to clean the well and protect them from pollution by wire gauze mosquito proof covers, trap doors for drawing water being allowed wherever required. This will remove almost all objections and enable the Health Department to take some action, at least in regard to the numerous objectionable wells.

The Sub-Committee may add that in recommending this course they have not overlooked the fact that mere cleansing of wells does not prevent, and in some cases even favours, the breeding of malaria bearing mosquitoes. Nor have they ignored the fact that the narrowest opening allowed by the trap doors is enough to admit swarms of mosquitoes into the wells. But against these objections have to be weighed the difficulties and objections set forth above and the Sub-Committee feel sure that the course suggested by them will be approved by the Standing Committee as offering the best solution of this vexed question. There can be little doubt that the measures suggested will, if acted upon, considerably minimise the mischief that is sought to be remedied. It will, of course, be necessary to closely watch the condition of the wells after they are cleaned and care will have to be taken to see that the trap doors allowed are not left open. This will be best effected if the owners of wells are warned that neglect in this respect will compel the authorities to get the wells completely closed.

The Sub-Committee quite recognise that there may be cases in which the action recommended in paragraph 4 will not suffice. They therefore advise that the Health Department be requested to continue its work of the investigation of the wells, tanks, cisterns, etc., and to place before the Sub-Committee cases in which wells, etc., require to be hermetically sealed or filled in and the reasons for the same. The Standing Committee may then issue instructions to the Health Department to issue notices calling attention of the owners to the objections against the wells with a view to remedying the same. The result of this action may be watched and the matter may further be reported to the Standing Committee for sanction to prosecute and the Standing Committee may give such sanction after inspecting the premises and hearing the objections. These measures, although somewhat tedious and slow and causing a large amount of extra work, the Sub-Committee hope will have some effect; at all events the Standing Committee will be doing something, which although not as thorough as the sanitary adviser to the Corporation desire will gradually assist in decreasing the breeding places of mosquitoes.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, OCT. 4.

Brigadier-General Fanshawe, from Aldershot, has been appointed to succeed Major-General Cowans in command of the Presidency Brigade.

The Chitral Relieving Column arrived at Drosh on Sunday, all well. Nothing unusual was reported during the whole march.

Captain Clutterbuck, Essex Regiment, has been selected for the Adjutancy of the Allahabad Volunteers Rifles in January next when Major Jackson vacates.

Major Bliss, 64th Pioneers, is appointed 2nd-in-command of that regiment.

Major H. B. D. Campbell, R. E., is posted to the Military Works in the Meerut Division on vacating his appointment at the Thomason College, Rurki.

Major Hickford, 56th Rifles, is appointed Commandant of the Khyber Rifles.

Lieutenant-Cameron, No. 1, Ammunition Column, is transferred to the 57th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Approval has been given to the retirement of Captain Davidson, Quartermaster of the Black Watch.

Major Drake, No. 1, Mountain Battery, is permitted to retire from 31st December next.

Captain Vyvian, 2nd Battalion, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, is appointed Adjutant of the 5th Battalion, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, Territorial Force.

Lieutenant-General Nixon, Commanding Meerut Division, is transferred to the Peshawar Division vice General Wilcocks appointed to command the Northern Army.

SAVARKAR'S RE-ARREST.

COUNSEL'S SIGNIFICANT STATEMENT.

Arrested on French Soil by English Police.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Paris *Temps* states that Savarkar was rearrested at Marseilles by English police, and not by French gendarmes.

The statement emanates from Savarkar, whose Counsel has published a letter in the French press to that effect.

THE COTTON DISPUTE.

Another Dead-lock.

Strange Effect of Rumours.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The Cotton-masters have rejected Mr. Askwith's proposals.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

A meeting of operatives was held in Manchester yesterday evening. The feeling was most bitter. They refused to make any further proposals.

There is every prospect of a severe struggle.

LATER.

The cotton dispute has narrowed to the question of where shall the operative Howe work. The men on Sunday offered to accept arbitration if Howe were found work in another mill. The Employers replied that their Federation did not possess this power, but they were willing to recommend district employers to give Howe the first vacancy. The men last night rejected this. Mr. Askwith remains in Manchester.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Some statements appearing in the special editions of the Manchester Sunday newspapers that the lock-out was ended had curious results. The congregation of a Parish Church at Bolton sang the "Te Deum," when the news was announced in the pulpit. At the Wesleyan Chapel, Bolton, the congregation sang the Doxology.

Thousands of operatives returned to work yesterday morning, but found the gates shut. Some mills opened, but closed again after a few hours' work.

ARMY SANITATION.

Speech by Lord Kitchener.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Lord Kitchener, presenting the prizes at the Middlesex Hospital School, said the Royal Army Medical Corps and the Indian Medical Service had accomplished much in recent years towards the improved sanitary conditions of the Army.

Regarding India, he could personally bear witness to the advance made against that scourge of the Army, enteric. At last it was definitely yielding to improved sanitary methods, and would before long, he felt sure, be totally banished from our barracks, equally with cholera.

LORD C. BERESFORD'S LETTERS.

Premier's Reply.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Mr. Asquith has replied to Lord Charles Beresford's open letters that the Government is very alive to the paramount importance of maintaining naval supremacy, and will not hesitate to recommend Parliament to take any steps that may be necessary.

CHANGE OF LAW OFFICERS.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The retirement of Lord Justice Collins, from the Court of Appeal, is expected shortly. It will involve the promotion of Sir Wm. Robson to a Judgeship, and that of Sir Rufus Isaacs to be Attorney-General. It is expected that Mr. Simon, K.C., will become Solicitor-General.

BRITISH CORPS OF AIRMEN.

German Corps in Formation.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The War Office announces an enlargement of the work of the ballooning school. A Corps of expert airmen will be created and provide units capable of co-operating in field operations.

The *Taeglichs Rundschau* foreshadows the development of a corps of aeroplanists for the German Army, to overtake the French lead.

STANDARD OIL TRUST.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Standard Oil Trust announces the inauguration of a campaign to increase the world's consumption of refined oil by considerably reducing prices in Europe and the East to meet the competition of numerous new companies.

SOUTH AFRICAN CABINET.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

General Botha is in bed with quinsy, which has delayed the reconstruction of the Union Cabinet.

PORTSMOUTH ESPIONAGE CHARGE.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Lieutenant Helm has been liberated on bail

CHINESE PARLIAMENT.

Opened at Peking.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Reuter wires from Peking that the Regent has opened the Imperial Assembly of China's first Parliament to-day. He declared that the Assembly represented the verdict of the people. Though it was only an initial step towards a constitution, it was the emblem of hope for a great future for the country, and showed that China was in harmony with the world's progress.

The business of the Assembly at present is advisory and not legislative, but the people and members are elated at this partial realisation of representative government.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

English newspapers comment in sympathetic terms on the opening of the Chinese Assembly. They describe it as a vivid illustration of the world wide movement towards parliamentary institutions.

DOCTOR'S OUTRAGE IN LISBON.

Army Officer Shot.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Lisbon telegrams report that the Mental Specialist, Bambarda, has fatally shot an Army officer who called on him as a patient. Bambarda is a prominent Republican. The Liberals believe the crime is a political one.

MR. REDMOND'S MISSION.

Next Election the Bitterest Fight.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Mr. Redmond, speaking in New York, appealing for funds, said the 1911 Election would be the bitterest ever fought. "We have," he said, "threatened contests in every district. We have obtained everything we can ever hope to get from an alien ignorant Legistature at Westminster. The next step is Home Rule which is imminent."

THE NEW BATTLESHIP "NEPTUNE."

Good Result of Trials.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The new battleship "Neptune" has completed her gun trials satisfactorily. The concussion was terrific when broadsides of ten 12-inch guns were fired. The new superimposed turrets worked well. Guns and crews in the lower turrets withstood the concussion satisfactorily.

NEGRO LEADER AND ROYALTY.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter wires from Copenhagen that Mr. Booker Washington, the American negro leader, had an audience of the Danish King to-day, and will dine with their Majesties to-night.

THE NEW PERSIAN REGENT.

Ex-Shah and Turcoman Revolt.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter telegraphs from Teheran that it is authoritatively stated that Nassir-el-Mulk has definitely accepted the Regency.

The Persian Government has informed the British and Russian Legations that the ex-Shah is inciting the Turcoman tribes to revolt and has requested the Legations to inform the respective Governments.

EXPLOSION ON BOARD STEAMER.

Seventy People Probably Lost.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Reuter telegraphs from Panama that the local steamer "Chrirqui" is reported to have been lost off Garachine as the result of an explosion of boilers. Seventy people were on board.

NOTED SECESSIONS TO ROME.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Great interest has been aroused in Church circles by the secession to Rome of Reverends Cocks, Henly and Hinde of the churches of St. Bartholomew's and Annunciation, Brighton, noted Ritualistic centres.

FLIGHT ACROSS THE PYRENEES.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

M. Tabuteau has aeroplaned over the Pyrenees from San Sebastian to Biarritz.

BRITISH MINISTER AT THE HAGUE.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Sir Alan Johnstone has been appointed Minister to the Hague.

LATEST LONDON BETTING.

Bronzino Hurt.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Cesarewitch betting :—5 to 1 against Pure Gem, 6 to 1 against Bronzino, 9 to 1 against Verney, 100 to 7 against Magic, 25 to 1 against Dibs, 40 to 1 against Riverina.

Scratchings :—Bridge of Earn and Cardinal Beaufort.

Cambridgeshire betting :—20 to 1 against Thalia.

Succour has been scratched.

LATER.

It is reported that Bronzino, the Cesarewitch favourite, has broken down. The odds, which opened at 100 to 30, have drifted to sixes. It is authoritatively stated, however, that he is only slightly bruised in the foot, and that the damage is not serious.

ANTI-PARTITION AGITATION.

Government Views.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

The following Official Communique has been issued by the Government of Bengal:—

The Lieut.-Governor has had under consideration the question whether any action should be taken by Government. In connection with the demonstrations which it has been stated in the press are to be held on the 17th October in connection with the Partition of Bengal. The Anti-Partition agitation stands on an entirely different footing from the Boycott. In itself it is in no way an unconstitutional movement. It purports to be more than the organized expression of disapproval of an administrative measure. If any person entertains a feeling of disapproval of that measure he is at liberty to hold his opinion and also to express, provided always that he does so in an orderly manner and abstain from seeking to cause disaffection towards Government an ill-feeling between different Sections of the people.

So long as these conditions are observed there is no ground for interference and in this view the Lieut.-Governor has decided that his duty lies in not exercising his powers under the law for the purpose of preventing the projected demonstrations. Nevertheless His Honour desires that it may be generally known that in his judgment the continuance of the Anti-Partition agitation is inexpedient and it is regarded with disapproval by Government.

The Partition has been declared on the highest authority to be a settled fact. All thinking persons must be well aware that there is no likelihood of its being reversed or modified and to persevere in agitating against it is a mere waste of energy that might be more profitably employed. A much more serious evil is that in agitation of this character there is a constant danger lest the movement might be misused by evil disposed persons for the purpose of exciting hatred and hostility towards the Government, of reviving mischievous propaganda like the Boycott, of drawing into the net students and others who have no business in politics, and generally of manipulating it in such a manner as to constitute a menace to the administration. During the demonstrations held in 1909 portraits of Profulla Chaki, Khudiram Bose and Kanai Lal Dutt were exhibited. A leaflet of objectionable character was distributed, while, notwithstanding the efforts made by the University, by college authorities and by the National Council of Education a large number of students attended the proceedings. The Lieutenant-Governor readily believes that these acts were done without the knowledge and against the will of those who organized the demonstrations and who were doubtless genuinely anxious to conduct them in a constitutional manner. That fact merely serves to emphasise the inability of those persons to control the forces which they had set in motion.

While, therefore, the Lieutenant-Governor has decided for the reasons set forth above not to prohibit or restrict the demonstrations that may be contemplated on the present occasion he desires to make it perfectly clear to all concerned that they are discountenanced by Government and to make it known that in his judgment all loyal and law-abiding persons will do well to abstain from any kind of participation in them.

As regards the future the Lieutenant-Governor will be guided in a large measure by the course of events in the present time. He has resolved to permit the demonstrations to take place in the hope that those who are responsible for them will be able to comply with the conditions that have been indicated above, viz., that the proceedings shall be orderly throughout, that the occasion shall not be utilized directly or indirectly for the propagation of seditious doctrines or the glorification of Boycott violence or any form of political outrage and that school boys and college students shall not be there either as participants or spectators. If these conditions are not fulfilled it will afford evidence that it is not in the power of the originators of the movement to confine it within constitutional bounds and the question of direct intervention by Government will be forced to an issue.

THE ARRESTED BENGAL SUSPECTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 4.

In connection with the arrest of the two young men, Narendra Nath Chatterjee and Susadbur Bose, political suspects, reported yesterday, the former is said to be an absconder from the Howrah Political Gang case and the latter in the Alipur Bomb Conspiracy. Narendra Chatterjee who had been committed to the Special Tribunal in connection with the Howrah Gang case and who is also alleged to be accused in the 10th Jats Case was to-day placed before Mr. Hopkins, District Magistrate of Howrah, who refused bail and remanded him to hajut. Narendra Nath Chatterjee was charged in 1907 with having committed a dacoity at Sibpur, but was acquitted.

BURMA COTTON FORECAST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 4.

The summary of the second forecast of the cotton of Burma estimates the area at 172,458 acres, a decrease of 12½ per cent. compared with the area of 1909-10.

SPURIOUS RUPEE COINAGE.

Arrest of a Man in Delhi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 4.

On 24th September the police of Delhi arrested one Bastimal on suspicion of manufacturing the King's coins. The man is reported to have confessed his crime and mentioned the names of other persons implicated in the crime. The police are busy making investigations.

CAPTURE OF A RAILWAY THIEF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 4.

The Meerut police have made a smart capture of a thief who stole in a Kalka-Simla Railway carriage a gold watch and chain belonging to the Hon. Sultan Sing of Delhi while he was coming back from Simla.

THE GUN-RUNNING CAMPAIGN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

QUETTA, Oct. 4.

It is understood that a wing of the 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkhas here is to join the patrol of the Perso-Baluch Afgan Frontier to check gun-running.

ST. ANDREW'S DINNER.

After an interregnum of several years we understand that the Scotsmen of Bombay intend to celebrate the festival of their patron saint on November 30th with, says a correspondent, "the usual accompaniments of weird music and edibles in the shape of pipers and haggis, not to mentions guaichs. We are not certain, but we understand the last is a peculiar species of wild duck of delicate and exhilarating flavour." Unfortunately the Town Hall was bespoken some months ago by the Y.M.C.A. for a bazaar and as it is the only place in Bombay capable of seating over 120 at dinner, much to the regret of the promoters, the tickets for hosts and guests will of necessity be limited. Mr. J. A. D. McBain, of the Sun Life Office, Canada Building, is the moving spirit, and as a hint to our Scottish readers we suggest early application to him for tickets lest exigencies of accommodation debar some perfervid patriots from sampling "the wild ducks" and "great chieftans of the puddin' race" of their rugged home. We may add that the "Gay Gordons" will supply the pipers and that, by now, an Anchor Liner is loading at Glesco' below her Plimsoll with a consignment of the "bonnie purple heather."

THE NEW VICEROY'S COMING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The following Press Communique has been issued to-day:—

It is notified for general information that the Right Hon'ble Lord Hardinge of Penshurst will arrive in Bombay by the P. and O. Mail steamer on the 18th of November, and not in a Royal Indian Marine vessel.

DACCA SHOOTING CASE.

Accused Committed to Sessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, Oct. 4.

The further hearing of the shooting case was resumed to-day before the Additional Magistrate at 2 p.m. Head Postmaster, Mr. Gardiner, examined by the defence pleader, stated:—Kumudini Talukdar, the treasurer in the Post Office, saw me between six and seven in the morning, following the night of the occurence. It was earlier than the usual hour. Kumudini told me he had been in Sarat Ghosh's house in company of his wife and his sister-in-law when a shot was fired over the wall, and Kumudini's wife was struck in the foot with a bullet.

It was the same evening that the Inspector was shot. Kumudini also told his brother-in-law, Sarat was also shot. About a fortnight ago a police officer visited me in connection with my above conversation with Kumudini.

Cross-examined by the prosecution, the witness stated Kumudini also told me that the morning that Sarat Ghosh, Inspector, was shot near the church at about 9 p.m.

To Court: Kumudini did not fall at my feet and requested me not to tell anything.

LATER.

After the Head Postmaster was examined the defence refused to examine any further witness in the Lower Court. The Court then received some more statements of the Amin with regard to the map of the locality.

The accused, next being called upon, pleaded not guilty and denied all allegations against them. The Court then committed both the accused Nripendra Chakravarty and Hiranya Gupta, to the sessions under section 307 and 326 I. P. C. for attempting murder and committing grievous hurt with a revolver to Inspector Sarat Ghosh.

DACCA CONSPIRACY CASE.

Adjourned a Fortnight.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

At the further hearing of the Dacca Conspiracy Case to-day three witnesses were examined, the first two being of a formal nature. The last witness, Ashu Paramanic, deposed about the Barrah dacoity. He said that the perpetrators of that dacoity were sons of gentlemen and they shot dead two men and a cow. The case was adjourned to the 20th instant.

FRONTIER RAIDS.

British Pensioner Deserts.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 4.

Zarghan Shah, a Wazri Malik of the village of Janikhel and a stipendiary of Government, is reported to have left for the independent tribal territory with the whole of his tribe, out of fear of punishment from the British Government for the help he gave to the murderers of the Tehsildar of Tonk.

WOLESALE DACOITY NEAR DACCA.

Four Men Wounded.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

Information has been received at Naraingani in the Dacca District that on the 30th September last dacoits looted all the shops of Halda Bazar in Munshiganj Sub-division, Dacca. The dacoits killed one and wounded five persons. The culprits have not yet been arrested. A vigorous police investigation is being held. Twenty-five Constables have deen deputed to Naraingarj to watch the movements of the Naraingani boys.

LATER.

Recently a big dacoity was committed at Halda Bazar Saturday night. Three or four boats arrived near Halda Khal and demanded a large boat loaded with jute to clear away from the channel and, on being refused, about 30 young men, with their faces concealed under masks, came out from within the boats and assailed the jute boat people with guns, revolvers, lathis, and bombs and wounded four men of whom one has died. Twelve hundred rupees have also been looted. Magistrate Marr and Superintendents Dundas and Kemp have started for the locality. The result of the enquiry is not yet known.

PUNKHA COOLIE'S DEATH.

Arrest of a Soldier.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Oct. 4.

The Cantonment Police have arrested Driver Higgins, "S" Battery, R. H. A., on a charge of culpable homicide for, it is alleged, assaulting a punkha coolie, and causing death. The case will be heard on the 14th instant by the City Magistrate. The bail was refused.

THE POONA SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 2.

The production of "Miss Hook of Holland," which has been running at the Gymkhana for four days during the last week, is the most enterprising flight that the Poona A. D. C. has made for some years past. The result reflected great credit on the management for which Captain Davis was responsible and was very well received by the audiences. The play was well staged and the advantage derived from the services of H. E. the Governor's band soon made itself obvious. The play boasts of the usual thin plot of the typical light opera, which is sufficient to serve as a peg on which to hang a series of songs, dances and absurdities, and if a little criticism may be allowed, there appeared to be rather too much conscientious effort to stick loyally to the "words of the book" when a good deal more fun might have been easily introduced if some of the performers had been allowed to take a little more liberty with their parts. As regards the songs in particular, this defect on the opening night was very obvious, and the few additions which were made on the last two evenings were a distinct improvement. The most successful song in the piece, which was charmingly sung by Mrs. Binning, was a complete importation, and it is a pity that more in this nature was not attempted. The performers on Thursday night were honoured by the presence of H. E. Sir George Clarke.

To come to particulars, the heaviest work fell to Captain Davis who, as Mr. Hook, added much to his reputation as a versatile actor of considerable merit. He maintained the quiet humour of the part very well and at times emphasized it with admirable effect. It was a great achievement for an amateur and was of the greatest assistance to the piece. Mrs. Binning, in the little part, met with entire approval. She showed a great knowledge of stage craft and sang delightfully. Mr. Hudson did very well as the young lover, he has a nice voice, of which he makes good use and the sentimentality of the part which has usually such an embarrassing effect on the young amateur, seemed to come quite naturally to him. In his pale blue uniform, it was evident to those acquainted with light operas, that he would carry all before him and that no girl could stand up against him. Mr. and Mrs. Byatt sustained their parts creditably, and Mr. Fanshawe deserves much praise for his impersonation of the difficult part of a loafer. Amongst the minor parts Mrs. Rose both looked and acted well, and the piece would have been strengthened if she had had more to do. A really good word must be said for the Chorus who had been carefully trained and looked very well in their pretty dresses and fantastic headgear. The Misses McIver, Miss Prior and Miss Sloggett in particular made as pretty and graceful a quartette of chorus girls as anyone could wish to see.

Last of all must be mentioned what was really the "chef d'oeuvre" of the performance, namely, Miss Palin's dance. She danced beautifully and was a vision betwitching enough to upset the equanimity of all from the youngest Subaltern to the oldest General present. Her performance was really delicious and the audience could have done with a great deal more of it. At any rate she might have been given a part that would have kept her some time on the stage. In both she and her dress were good to look upon, and after all that is a thing of which it is impossible to have too much in a light opera.

The dresses were, indeed, all pretty, one of the best being a blue striped dress worn by Mrs. Rose with a large white cap and blue ribbons and Mrs. Binning in the second act wore a very handsome dress of white satin covered with gold net work.

The last ten days of the season are crowded with afternoon functions of various kinds. On Monday last Mr. Chanbal presided at the celebration of the anniversary of the Poona Gayan Samaj and the same day the members of the Poona Branch of the National Indian Association held their second meeting, this time at Government House by kind invitation of H.E. Sir George Clarke and there was a short programme of Indian music. On Tuesday there was a great gathering at the invitation of Mr. Rafiuddin in honour of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim. It took place at Mr. Dost Mahomed's bungalow. H. E. Sir George Clarke spoke a few words and there was a long speech from Sir Currimbhoy, who was presented with an address in a silver casket. On Tuesday also H. H. Jam Shri Ranjitsinghi distributed the prizes at the Young Cricketers' Club, these included a silver cup presented by H. E. the Governor. On Wednesday still another prize-giving, this time at the Islamia Girls' School when Mr. Lamb made a speech and gave away the prizes.

There are enough events on Monday afternoon, October 3, to keep the whole of Poona busy, both the City and the Cantonments, for on that day H. E. the Governor will present the prizes at the High School for native girls and Training College for women in the Huzur Paga. Mrs. Alderson opens a bazaar and fancy fete at the Bishop's High School, the Huur Point to Point Races take place at Hadapsur and the pupils of the Sirdar Dastur Girls' School give a farewell entertainment in honour of Colonel Field, Poona Cantonment Magistrate, who has been transferred to Kamptee.

The annual cricket match between Ganeshkhind and Mr. J. M. Framji Patell's team took place on Thursday afternoon and was played to a conclusion in spite of bad weather. The Jam Saheb played for Ganeshkind, but even his assistance did not save the home side from a decisive defeat by 51 runs.

On Friday and Saturday there was to have been a match between the Poona Gymkhana and the Ahmednagar Cricket Club, but heavy rain made cricket impossible; in fact a fresh monsoon seems to have come up to the great disgust of all who are organising out-door entertainments.

There was a fair sized meet of the hounds on Tuesday at the 7th milestone on the Alandi Road and two good runs followed. In both cases the Jack escaped, but the second can only have got off by a narrow margin, for he was viewed by several of the field not far ahead of the hounds as they all went up the Sisters' Hill. It was a pleasant morning and the pace, though not fast, was quite good enough for the horses who are beginning to notice the steadily increasing rise in the temperature. Hunting continues till Thursday, October 6, when hounds meet for the last time at the 8th milestone on the Nasik Road.

FOREIGN TRIBUNALS EVIDENCE ACT.

Application Rejected at Rangoon.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 4.

An uncommon application was made before the Chief Judge to-day at his sitting as Vacation Judge on behalf of the Imperial German Consul, Rangoon, for an order, under the Foreign Tribunals Evidence Act 1856, for the examination before the petitioner of three witnesses in connection with the suit, Schonfeld and Co., vs. B. Floss pending in the Hamburg Court. In a similar application in 1905, Mr. Justice Bigge granted the prayer to a witness in Rangoon in connection with a suit pending in Hamburg.

The Chief Judge, after hearing Mr. Higinbothan on behalf of petitioner, held that the Chief Court was not the Supreme Court within the meaning of section 6 of the Foreign Tribunals Evidence Act and Judges not had been appointed to exercise authority under the Act. The application was rejected.

THE SIMLA JAIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The *C. M. Gazette* understands that the Simla Jail on Anandale Road has been abandoned from the 1st instant and has been converted into a judicial lock-up. Prisoners in future will be transferred to Amballa to undergo their sentences.

NASIK CONSPIRACY CASE.

Eighth Day's Proceedings.

Further hearing was resumed on Tuesday of the Nasik conspiracy case at the Bombay High Court before the Special Tribunal consisting of the Hon. Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice, the Hon. Sir Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton.

The examination-in-chief of Inspector Kakre was continued. He produced his notes of a speech delivered by the accused Balwant Ramchandra Barve at a meeting held at Thana under the presidency of Baba Sahib Khare of Nasik. The witness read his notes in Marathi. In this speech, Barve told his audience that the British would never leave India, that Lord Curzon had said that they could do without Shakespeare, but not without India; that Government should remember that they were drifting into a state of things akin to that which existed in Russia; that one way of acquiring independence was to start secret societies; that they wanted a Mazzini for India, that Ramdas and Mazzini were alike, &c. He also exhorted his hearers to read Savarkar's life of Mazzini.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, the witness said he had orders to follow the pleader Khare and his followers at Nasik. Barve did not specially refer to the Act of 1907 for preventing meetings, but what he said was that newspapers like the "Arunodaya" and the "Kesari," and meetings might be suppressed and secret societies were therefore necessary. He also said that Ramdas and so and so had advocated the formation of secret societies, that this had been done in Italy and Switzerland, that there the plan had succeeded, and that if they followed the same example they would also succeed.

Sub-Inspector Hari Narayan Pimple, C.I.D., examined by the Advocate General, said he took notes of the speeches delivered at a meeting held in the Poona Sarvajanik Hall. Vinayak Damoder Savarkar was one of the speakers. He spoke in Marathi. The witness took notes in English. The witness read them out. They were to the effect that the people had been reduced to a very bad condition; there was no food and the people were getting weak; they could not resist famine; the responsibility fell on the students: they must unite and start a society; this was the advice of a mahatma who had sent him (Savarkar) there; he had to give some advice, but he could not give it to all as it could not be made public; a committee of nine was to be formed, and the mahatma would give advice to those nine only. One Patharkar then addressed the meeting. Savarkar also made a concluding speech. The witness read his notes of the same. In this speech Savarkar said: India was in a wretched and miserable condition; it was no longer possible to remain in such a condition; they were stuck in the mud and it required strength to come out of it; old men were useless for the purpose as they were weak, but their advice would be valuable; it was the coming generation on whom all their hopes rested; they would become the support of the nation if they received a good training; Mazzini was old and his followers were young; they took his advice; Mazzini assigned work to his followers; that work was a revolution; they did it successfully; the world knew it and approved of what he did; the goddess of Liberty wanted a garland of fresh flowers; old men were faded flowers; very fragrant were the fresh flowers; youths were fresh flowers and she liked them; let them unite and offer such a garland to the goddess; they had lost everything; but they should not shed tears for what was lost; they should shed drops of blood to obtain what was lost, &c., &c. On the conclusion of the speech a committee of nine students was appointed in silence. Vinayak Savarkar was also appointed one of the Committee, but his name was not given out.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, the witness said he saw the accused Khare by chance in the lock-up at Nasik. The witness denied having attempted to get a confession out of Khare or having beaten him.

Sub-Inspector Sitaramsing Narayan produced his notes of a speech delivered by Narayan Savarkar before a gathering of children under 12 years on the 3rd May, 1908. Songs were also sung by some children from the Abhinava Bharat Mela.

Krishnaji Damador Limaye, formerly a teacher, examined by the Advocate-General, said he became acquainted with Ganesh Damoder Savarkar and Baba Saheb Khare in April, 1903, at Nasik, when they had conversations about the Swadeshi and Boycott movements. Savarkar expressed his desire that the witness should become a teacher in the Mushti Fund School. Savarkar talked of expressive measures of Government against Swadeshi and Boycott movements. The witness told him that the Swadeshi movement was not a proper movement, because he did not know of any nation having swadeshi movement without independence. Meetings were held at Savarkar's house, and Savarkar used to speak on the necessity of securing a sale for certain Marathi poems and for the "Life of Mazzini." Ganesh Savarkar once told him that the history of the Mutiny of 1857 was a proper ideal to be kept by every one before him.

The Advocate-General: Do you know the name of Savarkar's society?

The Witness: Yes, it is Abhinava Bharat.

How do you know of it?—Many people at Nasik know of the name. I cannot say with certainty from whom I knew the name.

What were the objects of the society?—One object was to publish ballads on Shivgadh and Purandhar.

Do you know the object of Ganesh Savarkar's society?—One day Ganesh told me that his views were those of an Extremist.

This was a secret conversation between you and Savarkar?—Yes.

Did you divulge it or keep it to yourself?—I kept it to myself.

Why?—Because I did not agree with him.

Whom did you see in Savarkar's house?—The accused Baat, Narayan Savarkar, Gorhe and others.

Continuing the witness said Ganesh Savarkar asked him to join his society because he agreed with some of Savarkar's views. He uttered the form of the oath. The witness did not take the oath.

What was the oath?—The oath was that I should not divulge the secrets of the society, and if did so I would consign my forty generations to hell.

Why did you not take the oath?—Because it was not a proper oath and it showed what the views of Savarkar were.

Seeing that you and Ganesh Savarkar agreed, why did you consider it improper?—Because there were references in it about doing good to the country just as Bajirao and Shivaji did. I objected to these. I objected to the word "Shivaji," because I thought "khatpat" (i.e. agitation) was to be resorted to to acquire independence.

Did to want to secure independence?—Every one likes to be independent,—like myself; but it is not possible.

How long did you continue to attend these meetings?—For three months. I then left.

Why?—Because Ganesh Savarkar brought a Musalman for giving training in fencing and drill.

You wanted independence?—Every living being wants independence.

Did Ganesh Savarkar want it?—Of course.

Did you want to fight for it?—By "independence" I mean freedom.

Did Savarkar want to fight for it?—Yes.

By what means?—By following the methods of 1857. That was not my view.

Anyone else wanted to follow that method?—I had no talk with any other person. But I inferred from what Savarkar said that that was the opinion of many others.

Continuing, the witness said the booklet shown to him contained the ballad on Shivgadh which was written by Vinayak Savarkar. Ganesh Savarkar showed the witness a portion of a hand-written Life of Mazzini and told him that it was translated by Vinayak Savarkar and was being printed.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, the witness said he had been in jail for the last ten months in connection with Kolhapur case.

Re-examined by the Advocate-General, the witness said he had been in police custody for the last ten months, partly at Sangli and partly at Kolhapur.

Balkrishna Narayan Paatak, a publisher, deposed that he had published the four parts of the Abhinava Bharat Mala. He had purchased the right of the first edition from Vinayak Savarkar whom he had known for four or five years. In 1906 he was a proprietor of the "Vihari" newspaper to which Vinayak Savarkar used to contribute.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned till Thursday.

A Press Communique states the Hon'ble Colonel F. B. Longe, C.B., R.E., A.D.C., Surveyor General of India, is proceeding on leave shortly and Colonel S. J. Burrard, R.E., F.R.S., Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys, will officiate for him.

THE DEMI MONDE DELINEATED.

(BY PESTONJI DORABJI KHANDALAWALA.)

A master of his craft, the first to work with success a new vein in the mine of intellectual pathology is M. Dumas, fils. The birth of the Dumas is well-known. This model of high art compared with his father is the great grandson of a certain Marquis Alexandre de la Pailleterie and a pure bred Haytian negress. African atavism was plain as day-light in his father, the giant with wooly hair and thick lips, vain glorious and good, smitten with a show of luxury mingling in the license of Bohemian life, and fond of glitter and noise. He let himself be discerned again in his son, in the curly head of hair, and elegance of body slightly swinging and rythmic. To make amends, there is his moustache a la mousquetaire the face, energetic the calm of the attitude of a European and a Frenchman. Grandfather, father and son, the three Dumas, blending in them the blood of the Old and of the New World raising the qualities of the black race to their highest power-eliminating its defect and assimilating by three generations with the white race, men of action of art, and of thought, are a curious example, in the same lineage of the reciprocal penetration of human families by civilisation, and an index of what humanity can expect from it in the future.

THE HORATIUS COCLES OF THE TYROL.

This origin stands for worth in the instinct of struggle which translated itself into heroic courage in General Dumas the grand-father. This brilliant and daring cavalry officer singly defended at Brixen in 1795 the passage of a bridge on which depended the success of the day, and which earned for him the surname of "the Horatius Cocles of the Tyrol." The negro is one oppressed. As soon as he can reason and act, he turns round against the injustice of which he is the victim and claims his rights. What was in the father a disposition to good-natured brag turned in the son to desire of social reform and of action through literature on the laws and morals. The staple of natural heredity got complicated with this fact in all the three that, they were natural children, that is to say placed by their birth on the margin of society. A soldier ever in the field, the grandfather had not had much too suffer from the situation. The father had to much good humour to take anything "an tragique." Occasionally the sentiment of his origin served him to give one more trait to his dramatic personages like Antony. Serious and reflective, the grandson had felt the bitterness and injustice of the prejudice against the child born out of wed-lock, from his college where his comrades ill-treated him for an original stain, which according to absolute justice ought to have assured him social protection. He was indignant. He amassed no end of hate and of contempt against such. "L'Affaire Clemenceau" gives a psychological analysis of the state of mind which contributed largely to the formation of his character and his genius.

DAME AUX CAMELIAS.

He entered on life as a literary gipsy in the world where his father lived. A young man he began by taking part in easy pleasures. Therein he found passion before long. To gain money to amuse himself, and the still more stately desire to pay of his precocious debts soon made him turn his experiences into literary productions and he wrote the Dame Aux Camelias, both romance and play. He set about it quite fully and frankly, beauties, and defects in one. From that day he became a man of letters, and of a new type. Preoccupied in reality with family and with Society, seriously struck with love, he makes of this double observation a downright literary substance so that the desire for truth or realism takes the place of imagination or romantic fancy. For his part he worked with as much conviction and more of practical spirit at artistic and literary reform pursued at the same time by Taine in philosophy, Leconte de Lisle in poetry, Flaubert in romance, Meissonier in painting and Barye in Sculpture.

THE THEATRE.

The career thus begun was pursued with rigorous logic, because it was the natural direction, and the necessary exercise of a temperament and an experience. He soon gave up romance, whose action was neither quick nor energetic on the public mind for one more direct and more effective: the theatre. Each one of his pieces had an useful aim, which in influencing opinion tended to bring about results by translating themselves, early into facts, such as a change in law and in morals. It was the reverse of the aesthetic of romanticism. This demanded of him art for art's sake, that is to realise beauty with no other aim but itself and thence to produce literary pleasure-result and recompense sufficient for the artist—with glory. This aesthetics in his eyes was a double and dangerous egoism. In art as in life—in art so difficult in life so short—he wanted to give a "raison d'etre." He thought that writing for the sake of writing without any other aim than writing well, and living for the sake of living without any other aim than living agreeably was not enough. It was not worth the trouble of living and of writing. For himself, he asked of life to throw light on itself, and drew from experience a lesson by which he strove at first to profit then translating it into fiction made others profit.

DIANE DE LYS AND LE FILS NATUREL.

With the first he opposed the right of the husband to that of the lover, and the interest of Society to individual egoism in passion. It is again Social interest which makes him define the "Demi-monde" as the "floating isle" in no fair way of becoming a continent, a complete, arrogant and menacing world. It made him give up before the vicious and perfidious woman at strife with an honest man, the old chivalric theory which assured to the woman the protection and even the complicity of man in everything. He thought that in such a case, the defeat of the woman was of some consequence to truth, to well being and to Society. When the law seemed to him ill-framed, he turned against it, and defended the individual against the coalition of prejudices and collective egoisms as in the "Fils naturel." And here was no return to romantic individualism. It was individual right the safe guard of social right. There was, he thought, an equal interest for society as for the individual to destroy an injustice, not to authorise debauch. Not to provoke revolt. The point of departure and of arrival of the piece is the declaration of Fressard the notary: "To marry when one is young and sound to choose from no matter what class a good girl, fresh and healthy, to love her with all one's heart, to make of her a confident companion and a fruitful mother to work for the bringing up of her children, and to leave them in dying the example of one's life, there's truth. The rest is bad crime, error or folly." Everywhere it is a question of right, social or individual and always the guarantee of social rightfounded on the respect of individual right; in a word justice dominating and regulating the actions of men living for themselves and for others.

NOT A BEAUMARCHAIS.

In 1870 when French Society appeared to him menaced by the double crisis of defeat and of Civil War, by the progress and growing effontery of debauch, by the falling off of all Social ties, he tackled each one of these questions in the face, singly or jointly, and using all means of action which the pen offered him, discussed them in journals, in brochures, in the prefaces to his pieces. Everywhere he put in his soul, his heart, his passion for the good and true, his manly anxieties, his sadness, and his hopes as a citizen. He had recourse to every means to enlighten and fortify his thought. He continued to observe and to make of his personal experience the solid basis of his fictions. At the same time being a free and religious spirit, he demanded of mysticism those reasons of the heart which reason does not know. In an epoch of science, he asked of science her own means of knowing and of understanding. He fondly took interest in physiology. He strove to render himself ever more experienced, more clairvoyant, better informed in his constant inquiry on the right of individual and of society, the means of ameliorating them, the one by the other, of correcting the evils they suffered from through their fault or natural fatalities. Thus was developed by and for the theatre, an individuality ever more powerful and which distinguished itself more daring and confident with each new work. Hence this realist parted company with his contemporaries, poets or novelists; hence his upsetting energetically a law of dramatic art. The realists pretend to impersonal work subordinating themselves to their subjects, having but truth in view they put the least possible of themselves in their work. Dumas declared on the contrary that he was present and acting in all his pieces. He entered into them in person, to lay bare, to defend and to impose his ideas. He hid himself away by no means and disdained dodges without freedom, by which others pleaded their own cause like Beaumarchais excusing themselves for not coming forward on the scene.

THE SHOOTING FATALITY AT DRILL.

Declared to be an Accident.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 4.

In connection with the Kokine shooting case in which W. T. Campbell, Chief Officer of s. s. "Nepaul," met with his death on 4th September while drilling with his troops of the Legion of Frontiermen, the Western Magistrate declared his finding to-day. His Worship came to the conclusion that the death was the result of a pure accident regretted by all concerned. He considered the testing of ponies with ball ammunition was a very ill-advised proceeding. The system under which Frontiermen conducted their drill was not of the best. His Worship could not help thinking that the system under which the safety with which the operation concluded depends solely on the question whether the numbers of the Legion who were fortunate enough of unfortunate enough to have revolvers, either had the inclination or the opportunity to purchase blank ammunition, was, to say the least faulty. and it is earnestly to be hoped that in future steps should be taken to have sufficient stock of blank cartridges kept for use when necessary.

DEATH OF AN ESCAPED PRISONER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

The Police Superintendent of Khulna has received a letter containing serious allegations against the local police in connection with the death of an under-trial prisoner. One Kala Chand Bose of Ghoshnagar was arrested in connection with a dacoity and put in "hajut" in the Satkhira subsidiary jail. He managed to escape, and it is now reported that his dead body was subsequently brought to Satkhira. Both the Police Superintendent and the Magistrate went to Magura, where the dead body was found, examined several persons and sent the corpse to Calcutta for chemical examination. The enquiry is proceeding.

RAILWAY CONFERENCE CLOSED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The Railway Conference concluded their sittings last evening when the Hon. Mr. Burt made a farewell speech. The suggestion for the removal of the headquarters of the Conference Association from Jubalpore to Calcutta has been accepted and effect will be given to this decision early next year.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

To-day's market was distinguished by the auction sale of 700 shares in the Hamiodih Coal Co., Ltd., which realised prices ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 7-2, all much below the market value which was about Rs. 9-8. Business was reported after the auction at Rs. 7-8 and Rs. 7-12. The market was not in a mood to have shares foisted on it by auction sales and very poor prices resulted. The following transactions were reported:—

Coal Shares.—Aldih, Rs. 151, and Rs. 152; Banora Rs. 4; Banjorah Rs. 2 and Rs. 2-2; Bhalgora Rs. 16-2, and Rs. 16-4; Hamodih Rs. 5, Rs. 5-4, Rs. 6, Rs. 6-4, Rs. 6-10, Rs. 7, and Rs. 7-2; auction sales later Rs. 7-8 and Rs. 7-12; Kusehi Rs. 9-4; Lukurka Rs. 6-4; Sojoan Rs. 12-12.

3 1-2 per cent. Government paper fluctuated during the day between Rs. 93-13 and Rs. 93-10 closing at Rs. 93-11 for cash and at Rs. 63-9 for forward position.

THE CONSERVATIVE CAMPAIGN.

Under the auspices of the National Union of Conservative and Constitutional Associations an open-air speaking campaign throughout England and Wales has been organised on the first meeting will commence on Monday Sept 19. Complete arrangements have been made by the whole of the provincial divisions of the National Union in conjunction with the local Unionist associations in all parts of the country with the result that a large number of meetings will be held in every country. The campaign will last for three months, and it is estimated that at least 10,000 meetings will be held and over 400 constituencies visited. Forty-two vans, fully equipped, have left London, so as to be in good time for the first meetings on the 19th. It is intended that these vans shall travel through the rural districts. Each van is placarded with posters and cartoons. They also carry a large quantity of posters and cartoons, in addition to a plentiful supply of up-to-date literature, which will be systematically distributed through the towns and villages. Each van is supplied with an assortment of foreign "dumped" articles, which will serve to illustrate the case for tariff reform. Gramophones and records, lanterns and slides, acetylene gas apparatus, and all other requisites are carried in the vans. While the vans will mostly be working in rural districts, extensive arrangements have also been made for holding a very large number of meetings in towns and industrial centres. The vans and platforms for these meetings have been arranged for locality. Missionary work, distribution of literature, &c., will be done during the day, and where possible impromptu meetings will be held during the dinner hour, outside factories, mills, &c. The main idea of the campaign is to reach the "man in the street" who does not usually attend indoor meetings. Of course, there may be occasions when the weather will be too bad for open-air meetings and in these cases every effort will be made to hold meetings under cover. In addition to the practised speakers sent out by the National Union of Conservative and Constitutional Associations, arrangements have been made whereby the valuable assistance of local speakers and supporters generally will be available.

What About That Dandruff?

There is just this much about it: Dandruff is a germ disease, is most untidy, annoying, and leads to baldness. When chronic, it is very stubborn, but surely yields to thorough and energetic treatment. All germs must be destroyed, the scalp must be restored to health. Here is the remedy: Ayer's Hair Vigor. Ask your doctor about using it.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

DOES NOT COLOR THE HAIR

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

WRECK OF "CARNARVON BAY."

Strikes A Reef Off King Island.

Melbourne, Sept. 18.

The following full account of the wreck of the Carnarvon Bay is taken from the Australian papers:—

As the steamer "Tarcoola," on her way to Melbourne from Sydney, was ploughing her way through the heavy seas, kicked up by a northerly wind off Cape Liptrap last evening somebody sighted a boat under sail and apparently making for the steamer. The heavy sea permitted only fleeting glimpses of the boat as she climbed the tops of the waves, but the watchers on the steamer soon saw that she was in distress. Hoisted on an oar there floated a pair of trousers, and this weird flag was being waved to and fro. The boat was crowded with men, and the conclusion of the "Tarcoola" people was that she was some fishing boat which had been blown out from the heads and was unable to beat back against the strong northerly.

The steamer was hove to when the boat sailed alongside and the crew were taken aboard. There were 17 of them. They were the captain and starboard watch of the ship "Carnarvon Bay". Their vessel had been wrecked on an unknown reef at the south-east corner of King Island, and they represented half of her crew. They had been afloat in their little cockleshell of a boat, 22ft. long, for two days and two nights navigating the difficult waters of Bass Straits with only a few sardines and biscuits to keep them alive. Their last meal had been eaten, and hope had been almost gone when the "Tarcoola's" smoke was seen away down on the horizon. Once she was signted their troubles were over. They were taken aboard and cared for and brought on to Melbourne, where they arrived this morning.

Nothing is known of the other half of the crew. The boat found by the "Tarcoola" was the starboard lifeboat of the "Carnarvon Bay". The port watch in charge of the mate was in the port lifeboat, but the two boats were parted soon after leaving the ship on Thursday night, and the fate of the missing boat is unknown. It is hoped that she has been safely beached on King Island, or at least that if she has been wrecked her crew have reached the shore.

A tug carrying Captain Griffiths, the master of the "Carnarvon Bay," and representatives of the ship's agents, and underwriters left Melbourne tonight for King Island to ascertain what has become of the boat.

The "Carnarvon Bay" left Liverpool for Sydney with 4,000 tons of general cargo on June 20 last. Despite bad weather and several minor accidents she made a fairly fast voyage out to Australia, and was only 85 day out when she struck a reef off King Island. This was some time between 6 and 7 o'clock on Thursday evening. Land had been sighted for some hours, but Captain Griffiths, expecting it to be espe Otway, had held on a south-easterly course to make sure. When he discovered it was King Island he sought to go round the southern corner, and then when about a mile out from the known reefs the vessel struck a reef of submerged rock and stuck there fast, quivering with every blow from the heavy sea which was running.

A COOL CAPTAIN.

Extraordinary coolness was shown by all the officers. The captain calmly took a cigar from his pocket, bit off the end, and lit it, and the men were strolling about the poop and smoking, when he issued orders for the launching of the boats. The weather was coming from the port side, and he had the port lifeboat brought to starboard. The mates were superintending launching of the boats, but even the sight of their lack of fear did not allay some degree of panic among the men, who hurried into the boats. The port lifeboat pushed off with only seven men in her and no officer, while there were 22 men in the startboard boat. The captain ordered the men in the port boat to come alongside, but they refused. It was no time to argue, and the men in the starboard boat, which still hung on to the ship, were roaring that they must shove off or the masts would soon fall and crush them. Captain Griffiths dashed down to his cabin and gathered up the ship's papers. Then the mates entered the boat and the captain followed. L. F. Cox, the third mate, had been acting steward, and he had hurriedly collected some stores. He had also locked the bond locker after first taking from it two bottles of whisky and half a bottle of brandy. These supplies he took into the boat with him.

Once pushed off from the ship the Captain ordered the port lifeboat to come alongside him. The starboard was overloaded with 25 men and the captain accordingly transferred the whole of the port watch to their own boat. This left the starboard watch with 17 men, the captain and the starboard watch, which included the second and third mates. When the men were passed over to the port boat the provisions were shared between the two boats. Both were furnished with two water beakers, and the water in them had been renewed only the day before. It was dark before all these arrangements were completed. The sea was still high and the captain's intention was that both boats should remain in company under the lee of the island till daylight showed a convenient place for beaching, but a very few minutes after these instructions were given the boats were separated. The wind changed and the captain finding it impossible to keep up to the island decided to run for Launceston. Another change of wind and the impossibility of moving the heavily-laden boat with oars forced him to alter this plan and to turn the boat's head north for Port Phillip.

A TRYING TIME.

In the scantiest of clothing and with but a few mouthfuls of food apiece, the crew navigated the Straits, railing when the wind was favourable and when it was not keeping the boat's head to the sea with a couple of oars. The voyage of over 100 miles occupied nearly 48 hours. The captain's chief hope all the time was that they would be sighted by some passing steamer, but the first steamer they saw, which was bound south, passed in the darkness about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, and the cold hungry men in the boat had the heartbreaking experience of seeing her pass alight from stem to stern.

Most of the men bore the journey well but some were very weak from exhaustion and exposure when the "Tarcoola" picked them up. With 17 man in such a small boat all were cramped and uncomfortable. The captain second mate, and third mate took it in turn to steer, but neither of them could endure a longer shift than an hour before cramp overcame them. The tiller, indeed, had to be chopped short before it could be worked owing to the limited space left for it. The other men were kept continually occupied baling with empty biscuit tins.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Eyent Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadis Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Sues Perfect.	Via Sues Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 4th October 1910.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	3	4	40 p.m.	15	55
Teheran ...	4	12	25	1	45
Suez	4	2	5 p.m.	...	33

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, without additional charge (20-6-09).

Cable Obock Djibouti interrupted. (27-6-09).

Bhamo route to China restored (4-10-10.)

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

ASSAM JUTE.

The final forecast of the jute crop of Eastern Bengal and Assam, 1910.

[Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1908-1909, the area under jute in Eastern Bengal and Assam represents some 79·5 per cent. of the total area under jute in British India.]

Character of the season.—As explained in the preliminary forecast weather conditions were not quite satisfactory in the beginning of the season. The sowing generally commenced rather late and in some localities where the crop was sown early the plants died for want of moisture on account of the dry weather and the fields had to be re-sown. Towards the end of April there were some heavy showers and the copious rainfall in May and June improved the prospects of the crop. Since the publication of the preliminary forecast excessive rainfall has been the prominent feature of the season and in the more lowlying tracts the crop has been damaged by floods. As the plants remained immersed in water for a long time the crop has suffered somewhat both in outturn and quality of fibre, though the damage done has not been so great as might be supposed, as the crop had already attained a fair growth before the heavy floods came. The districts most affected by floods have been Pabna, Faridpur, Jalpaiguri and parts of Dacca and Mymensingh.

Acreage.—The Collectors of Rangpur, Faridpur, Dacca and Rajshahi have revised the estimate of the area under the crop since the preliminary forecast. The Collectors of Rangpur, Faridpur and Rajshahi have raised their estimates by 32,000, 1,000 and 200 acres, respectively, while the Collector of Dacca has reduced his figure by 7,000 acres. The net result is a total area of 2,241,800 acres or an increase of 26,200 acres over the total area as reported by the District Officers in the preliminary forecast and an increase of 43,600 acres over the revised area for last year. I still consider that the area reported as under jute in certain districts, notably Mymensingh, Jalpaiguri, Rangpur and Goalpara, is very much less than it should be, and I am not inclined to recede from the position I took up in the preliminary forecast, namely, that the figures of area under jute as reported by the District Officers last year were an under-estimate by at least a lakh of acres. My present estimate of the acreage under the crop this year is therefore in round numbers 23 1-2 lakhs of acres.

Outturn.—The Director's estimate of outturn last year was 5,877,200 bales. The Trade Returns subsequently showed that this estimate was considerably below the actuals. The District Officers estimates of outturn per acre work out this year to 77 per cent of a normal crop. From my own observations in the course of an extensive tour in the jute districts and from the reports of officers of the Department engaged on a special enquiry into the outturn of the crop, I raise this estimate of outturn per acre with confidence to 92 per cent of a normal crop, allowing for the damage done by floods. Taking then 23 1-2 lakhs of acres as the acreage under the crop, the outturn comes to 6,486,000 bales or an increase of 608,800 bales over last year's estimate.

CONSOLIDATED FINAL FORECAST OF THE JUTE CROP, 1910.

Acreage.—The area under jute is now estimated at 2,937,800 acres, an increase of 37,800 acres over the figures of the preliminary forecast.

The acreage for each of the five years, 1906 to 1910, including the figures for Cooch Behar, is shown below:—

Year.	Acreage.
1906	3,482,900
1907	3,974,380
1908	2,856,700
1909	2,876,600
1910	2,937,800

The increase this year is principally due to the fact that the acreage was considerably under-estimated in the district returns of last year.

Weather conditions.—The early part of the season was dry and sowing was delayed. Conditions improved as the season advanced, and from May onwards copious showers fell in the more important districts. In June and July the rainfall was, if anything, excessive, and towards the end of July floods made their appearances in many districts and caused appreciable damage in the low-lying tracts, especially in Faridpur, Jalpaiguri, Pabna, parts of Mymensingh and Dacca, Purneah, Nadia, Murshidabad, and Jessore. There has, however, been a tendency to exaggerate the damage done, as the crop generally was well grown before the floods attained serious proportions.

Outturn.—Thirteen districts have an area over 50,000 acres under jute. According to the reports of the District Officers, the percentage outturn for both the provinces works out to 76 per cent. of a normal crop. After extensive enquiries in all the important districts, made both personally and by means of officers of the Departments, the Directors have raised the estimate of outturn to 90 per cent. On this calculation the outturn from 2,937,800 acres comes to 7,932,000 bales.

Special reports from the districts show that the stocks of jute remaining over from last year are greater than what was at first supposed. A fair estimate of these stocks throughout the provinces would be some 300,000 bales. This, added to the figure for outturn, brings the available jute up to 8,232,000 bales.

A factor which has hitherto been neglected in making jute forecasts is the practice, prevailing in many marts, of watering jute before export. The amount of water added has been estimated to vary from nil in many marts to 5, 10 and even 15 per cent. in others. There is very little water in jute exported from India in pucca bales, but it is an admitted fact that a large percentage of the jute imported in kutcha bales by the Calcutta mills is heavily watered before it leaves the marts. Enquiries which have been made on the subject lead the Directors to think that an average of 5 per cent. may safely be added for watering. It may be argued that the business of the Directors of Agriculture is to make an estimate of the actual crop; but as the figures for jute published in the trade returns undoubtedly include water deliberately added, it is only fair that allowance for this practice should be made by the Directors in framing their estimates. On the basis of 5 per cent. and addition of 396,600 bales must be made to the figures already quoted which brings the total of the jute available up to 8,628,600 bales.

Statistics of last year for Nepaul, Upper India, and Madras are given below:—

Nepaul	...	...	69,884 bales.
Upper India via E I R.	...	11,264	,,
Madras via B.-N.R.	...	154	,,

The total crop of last year, according to satistics kindly supplied by the Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce, amounted to 8,864,792 bales. The estimates of the departments of Agriculture, including the above figure for Nepaul, etc., amounted to 7,287,886 bales. The great discrepancy is due to under estimate in the figures both for area and outturn furnished by the District Officers. It should, however be remembered that the area under jute has been cadastrally surveyed in only one of the important districts, and that the only agency for collecting figures is the subordinate police staff.

F. W. STRONG,
Offg. Director of Agriculture, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

W. H. BUCHAN.
Offg. Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

First L. M. & S. Examination.

The following is the list of successful candidates:—

SECOND CLASS.

Bhaduri, Dwijendranath	Hansoti, Krishnalal Jivanlal
Bharucha, Kaikhusru Byramji	Kapoor, Sooraj Narayan
Bhivandivala, Kaikhusru Sorabji	Kotval, Maneckshaw Hormusji
Chavan, Narayan Maruti	Madan, Kaikhusru Edalji
Cooper, Framroze Erachshaw	Mehta, Pranjivan Manekchand
Darukhanavala, Kaikhusru Ardeshir	Nayar, Tackkencheri Kurhanunni
Desai, Sakharam Tuljo	Oliveira, Edith
Dias, Annie Veronica	Patil, Balkrishna Sadashiv
Dias, Edward	Pereira, Joseph Augustine
D'Souza, William Martin	Rodrigues, Antonio Candido
Fonseca, Ignatius	Shroff, Shavaksha Dossabhoy
Fraser, Burjorji Shapurji	Swami, Sadanand Papaya
Ghia, Chunilal Harkichand	Vaidya, Shripad Mahadev

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit Medical Scholarship has been awarded to Miss Shirin Fardunji Tarapore.

The Mrs. Satyavati Lallubhai Samaldas Scholarship has been awarded to Miss Kashibai Sadanand Tatkhad.

SPORTING NEWS.

ST. MARY'S COLLEGE.

Annual Sports.

The finals of the St. Mary's College annual sports were held yesterday afternoon in the College compound when a very large number of ladies and gentlemen attended. The St. Mary's Band was in attendance. The following are the results:—

Flat Race.—1-2 mile: 1st heat: Wadia 1; Athaide 2; 2nd heat: Terry 1; De'Souza J. 2.

Relay Race.—3-4 mile: Mercado S's team 1; Mercado J's team 2.

Potato Race.—Ramos 1; Mercado V 2.

Obstacle Race.—1st heat: Cyriaco 1; Wadia 2; 2nd heat: Noronha 1; Terry 2.

Flat Race—150 yds: 1st heat: Cyriaco 1; Athaide 2; 2nd heat: Noronha 1, Terry 2.

High Jump Finals.—1st heat: Mercado V 1; Neil J 2; 2nd heat: Primrose 1; Cowper 2.

Wide Jump Finals.—1st heat: Cyriaco 1; Wadia 2; 2nd heat: Brumby 1; Terry 2.

Flat Race: 100 yds: 1st heat: Mercado 1; Piers 2; 2nd heat: Pope 1; Mercado 2; 3rd heat: Wilkins G 1, Beach 2.

Three-Legged Race: 1st heat: Windsor 1, Chaves 2; 2nd heat: Athaide R 1, Stokes 2.

In the tug-of-war race Walsh's team pulled in Athaide's team.

POONA RACES.

POONA, Oct. 3.

The following are the entries for the Poona Eighth Extra Meeting to be held next Saturday. Details:—

ASCOT PLATE. Distance 1 mile.—Vavasor, Longchamp, Gallileo, Polly, Forfeit, Young Melton, Paul Pry, Hilarity, Posco, Parkhill, Ashanti Gold, Merchant, Confederation.

ARAB WALTER PLATE. Distance 7 furlongs.—Behrein, Khalas, Constant, Mijwell, Hunter, Gazi, Turf King (late Sawyer), Bushoosh, Young Turf, Farhan, Yazeb, Uslan, Suspense, Artist, Rustom-i-Hind, Diluer, Young Japan, Saif, Sandid, Azzad, Tiger, Wandering Lad, Matarlouz.

NEW MAIDEN PLATE. Distance 5 furlongs.—Khalas, Conqueror, Mistif, Sirrup Cup, Abdal, Sultan (late Suakim) Mesahim, Khemraj, Ameen, Irani Daulat, Alert, Officer, Zarood, Dreadnought, Flower Boy, Fatron, Jamshed, Kolitdar, Bandydick, Mohajir, Independent, Akhil, Nesper, Tip-Top, Zappoline, Compact, Matarlouz, St. Anthoy, Uddal, Siberia, Jins, Salmin, Akelah, Dohan.

ALEXANDRA PARK PLATE. Distance 5 furlongs.—Royal, Scotland, Recluse, Blackie, Longchamp, Castalia, Milner II, Louisiana III, Boomey, Coquette, T. M. S., Solution, Marguerite, Bambino, Yvette, Metal Girl, Dansense, Rincher, Bright metal, Mary, Metal Boy, Vigorous, Rose of Malta, Wiesome, Gallileo, Berthier, Singleton, Eruption.

GENERAL PLATE. Distance 7 furlongs.—Rajput, Grey Falcon, Ashroff, Meejan, Murzook, Guinea Mohur, Lookman, Goldmint, Bay Middleton, Jehangir, Dilerjung, Tachreet, Mudkoor, Saree, Woolwinder, Occident, Yacoot, Burgon, Cheekan, Company, Defence, Shanwar, Lama, Amood, Zinfandel, Gofal, Antica, Real Blood, Demure, Minerva, Zarl, Adham, Azzad, Toronto, Sanjakdhar.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE PLATE. Distance 1 1-4 mile.—Brigand II, The Pilgrim, Lapwing, Akseer, Sher, Braganza, Welldone, Urgent, Eed, Tajillmulook, Mahau, Racer, Precious, Tachreet, Parliament, Alma, Tonis, Young Salanic, Famous, Sir Visto, Duma, Sir Hugo, Hadie, Thaboor, Sandid, Company, Lama.

HARRIS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

The first game of the Harris Football Tournament was played here yesterday, the Lincolns beating the North Lacashire Regiment by one goal to nil after a well contested game.

This evening the Leicesters from Belgaum and the R.F.A. from Kirkee met. In the opening stages and right through the first period and part of the next, the game was of an uninteresting character. The teams crossed over without scoring and though the pace improved towards the close there was still no score at full time. Extra time was allowed with the same result and the game will be replayed.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Armand-Behic," Oct. 6.

The Messageries Maritimes Co's s. s. "Armand-Behic" is expected to arrive here at 10 p.m. on Thursday next. Passengers will be landed at once with their light luggage at Ballard Pier. Nobody will be allowed to come ashore from midnight till 6 a.m. on Friday, the 7th Oct. Passengers remained on board for the night will be landed with their heavy luggage at 7 a.m. on Friday at Carnac Bunder:—

Adamali, Mr	Karenjee, Mr
Ayalabi, Mr	Kapadia, Mr
Allen, Lt	Larree, Mr
Artists, three	Lan, Mr du
Armand, Mr	Lang, Mrs
Brown, Dr	Long, Capt and Mrs
Bassard, Mr	Lang, Mr
Baron, de la Grange	Loth, Mrs and children
Bock, Mr	Millard, Miss
Bruderer, Mr	Marmkein, Mr
Butcker, Mr	Menzes, Mr Von
Berthem, Rev Father	Molyneux, Mr and Mrs
Chopra, Mr	Montaubon, Mrs X de
Goisand, Rev Father	Menisl, Mr
Count, de la Barre	Paysseur, Mr and Mrs
Doumezel, Rev Father	Quisserman, Mrs
Daniel, Lt	Rocheteau, Rev Father
Dawson, Mr	Rose, Miss
Defougy, Mr	Robinson, Mr
Dossogue, Mr	Richard, Capt and 6 employes
Doizy, Rev Father	Ray, Mr
Edwards, Mr and employes	Reach, Major
Fouquet, Capt	Singh, Mr
Gray, Lt and Mrs	Servant, Rev Father
Gordon, Mr and Mrs	Sanderson, Capt
Gilbert, Mr and Mrs	Stori, Capt and Mrs
Goldman, Mr and Mrs	Sadd, Major
Harrig, Mr	Sharrat, Mr
Hawes, Lt	Samie, Mr
Illins, Mrs	Tornhil, Mr and Mrs
Japling, Mr	Walker, Major F
Krishna, Mr	Yari, Mr.
Kennedy, Major	

CONSTIPATION.

A RELIABLE AND LASTING CURE.

Constipation means that there is not a regular and sufficient action of the bowels. It is a very dangerous disorder because it prevents the body's waste from leaving the system and this waste soon turns to poison. This is how many fatal diseases begin; and it is always wise to keep a box of Doan's Dinner Pills handy, and to take a dose whenever a day passes without a motion of the bowels. Doan's Dinner Pills restore to the muscles of the bowels their natural power of discharging the decaying waste matter which would otherwise cause disease. They soften the mass of waste, and so prevent discomfort and pain in passing. This medicine is prepared from pure vegetable extracts, which tone up the whole digestive system, restoring a regular and natural action to the stomach, liver and bowels, and stimulating the flow of the digestive fluids, so that perfect digestion is assured.

"At the birth of my first child," says Mrs. Thorkildsen, of 13, Nile Row, Poole, England, "I had to go under chloroform, as I never seemed to have completely got over the effects of the anaesthetic, for I have suffered ever since from serious stomach troubles and constipation.

"Parts of my body always seemed numbed; there was no feeling whatever in my legs. For days and days I would have fearful headaches, and the cruel throbbing used to make me cry out. Sometimes it came over all dark before my eyes. When I went upstairs quickly my heart throbbed, and I perspired freely.

"I have suffered terribly from constipation, and more than once I have been costive for a whole fortnight. Only a few days ago I had an attack which left me almost dead.

"I am very pleased to tell you that Doan's Dinner Pills have relieved me wonderfully. They have restored a natural action to the bowels, and taken away that terrible numb feeling from the limbs. I cannot say enough for this splendid medicine."

Doan's Ointment is sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per pot, or 6 pots for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The depression in the Central Provinces has moved northwards to the neighbourhood of Cawnpore, and has diminished in importance. The rainfall has been nearly general in Bihar, the East of the United Provinces, and the West of the Central Provinces, and fairly general in Assam and Central India East. There have also been a few falls in Eastern Bengal, Bengal Proper, the West of the United Provinces, but hardly any rain has occurred in the Peninsula. Mergui had one inch; Dibrugarh and Darbhanga, one and-a-half; Gorakhpur and Bahraich, two; Allahabad, Sutna, Amraoti, and Hoshangabad, one; Pachmarhi, two.

Forecast.—A diminution of rainfall in the West of the Central Provinces.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall reports on the G. I. P. Railway upto the week ending Friday, 23rd September 1910:—

	In.	Cts.		In.	Cts.
Jubbulpore	37	95	Khervadi	15	51
Raver	15	10	Nasik	20	33
Nimbhora	19	20	Deolali	24	66
Bodwad	21	93	Ghoti	80	32
Varangaon	22	80	Hotgi	27	72
Bhadli	25	50	Mohol	21	70
Jalgaon	23	76	Madha	26	0
Shirsoli	30	7	Barsi Junction	23	33
Mhanawad	23	35	Kem	15	84
Maheji	30	47	Jeur	15	87
Pachora	23	4	Pompalvadi	15	5
Kajgaon	18	16	Diksal	23	90
Rajmane	28	19	Dhond	17	11
Chalisgaon	23	41	Talegaon	28	50
Naydongri	21	30	Lonavla	132	97
Nandgaon	25	83	Neral	103	73
Manmad	23	4	Kasara	84	75
Lasalgaon	17	40			

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (3rd Oct)	83·6	69·1	...	0·00
Jask	92·3	75·3	...	0·00
Muskat (3rd Oct)	97·3	82·1	...	0·00
Multan	97·3	74·0	...	1·64
Rawalpindi	91·4	60·4	...	29·53
Lahore	96·4	69·2	...	11·32
Sirsa	88·3	71·6	...	8·15
Ambala	88·5	71·0	...	28·39
Delhi	85·7	74·2	...	29·16
Agra	84·0	74·0	...	30·00
Mainpori	84·3	72·0	...	22·96
Jhansi	80·0	73·5	0·22	29·41
Cawnpore	86·2	74·5	0·24	26·90
Allahabad	89·6	75·5	1·18	28·25
Jacobabad	103·1	71·3	...	2·36
Karachi	88·5	75·5	...	12·16
Ajmer	84·9	73·7	...	16·89
Jaipur	86·2	73·1	...	16·59
Kotah	86·0	73·1	...	29·71
Bhuj	100·1	75·0	...	20·42
Dwarka	84·3	?	...	13·73
Veraval	81·1	76·3	...	17·30
Gejkot	97·1	74·0	...	33·27
Junagarh	98·1	73·5	...	26·42
Surat	88·4	77·1	0·13	36·26
Ahmedabad	91·1	76·7	...	25·41
Deesa	101·3	74·9	...	23·26
Neemuch	88·0	71·8	...	31·00
Indore	84·6	71·1	0·03	32·99
Jubbulpore	85·3	74·3	0·04	45·11
Saugor	83·6	72·5	0·01	36·43
Hoshangabad	87·6	71·9	1·08	54·13
Khandwa	84·7	73·1	0·29	23·50
Akola	84·7	71·6	0·23	34·24
Amraoti	81·8	70·8	1·23	38·04
Nagpur	81·1	72·8	0·87	53·92
Chanda	86·6	74·0	0·17	47·32
Ratpur	88·7	76·6	...	60·35
Bombay	85·3	78·6	0·01	67·24
Satnagiri	84·3	75·9	...	84·44
Mormugao	83·0	73·7	...	82·07
Kolwar	83·3	76·0	...	112·42
Belagaon	87·4	73·0	0·08	28·63
Ahamednagar	81·4	69·0	...	33·65
Poona	83·0	69·8	0·01	24·55
Sholapur	86·3	70·9	...	27·40
Sijapur	84·2	67·2	...	20·29
Belgaum	79·3	64·6	...	36·45
Aurangabad	82·2	70·2	...	30·18
Nizamabad (Indur)	83·4	72·7	...	39·25
Hyderabad	85·3	71·7	...	21·60
Mangalore	84·8	69·3	...	10·55
Calicut	83·3	74·1	...	75·20
Cochin	86·7	76·3	...	73·14
Colombo	87·9	75·5	0·25	15·37
Masulipatam	91·3	77·7	...	41·15
Bellary	90·0	69·3	...	15·39
Cuddapah	94·2	76·6	...	36·42
Madras	95·0	77·5	...	18·75
Nellagherry	81·3	63·8	...	28·99
Coimbatore	89·4	69·8	...	6·39
Trichinopoly	91·8	76·3	...	15·62
Negapatam	93·5	78·0	...	17·80

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 4th October was 29·871 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 9 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 4TH OCTOBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 4th October giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded in the south-east Punjab and clear elsewhere. Humidity is above the average in the south-east Punjab and equal to or below it over the rest of the division. Day temperature has risen, but is still in defect in several places; night temperature is nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Cawnpore records 0·29" Jhansi 0·22" and Allahabad 1·08" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air is considerably damper than usual. Day temperature is below the average; night temperature is nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in Rajputana and clear in Sind. Humidity is in large excess in Rajputana and lower Sind, and normal elsewhere. Temperature during day remains low in Rajputana, while during night it is normal or in slight excess.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0·13" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess at Deesa, in defect at Verawal and Ahmedabad, and, normal in other places; the minimum is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Chanda records 0·17", Hoshangabad 1·08" Khandwa 0·29", Akola 0·23", Amraoti 1·23" and Nagpur 0·87". Cloud has decreased in the east but skies continue moderately to heavily clouded over the rest of the division. Humidity is generally above the average. Day temperature is in defect; night temperature is normal except for an excess at Jubbulpore.

The Konkan.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is equal to the average. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is about the average. Day temperature is normal or in defect night temperature is normal.

General Remarks.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the Central Provinces, and local showers in the United Provinces. Atmospheric pressure has risen over nearly the wh

BY THE WAY.

BURNS IN THE SCOTS SCHOOLS.

Sir John Struthers, in his report for the year 1910 on Secondary Education in Scotland, tells that a very fair number of scholars attempted a literary question on Burns, and showed considerable familiarity with his life, if not much intimacy with his writings. It was not pleasing, however, Sir John remarks, to observe the constant stress that was laid on Burn's vices. One candidate even, when alluding to his intemperance, was so carried away by the didactic impulse as to add, "if it had not been for this sad habit, we might have had him with us yet." "Tam o' Shanter" and the "Cottar's Saturday Night" were, it seems, the only poems of Scottish life that were at all widely known in the schools.

SOME OTHER BLUNDERS.

The Scots boys and girls do not, of course, know everything. Quite a number of candidates in various parts of the country attributed to Jeanie Deans the feat of Jenny Geddes. Then there was, Sir John Struthers says, constant confusion between Henry IV. and Henry V., Napoleon I. and Napoleon III., Mary Queen of Scots and Mary Tudor, Charles I. and Charles II.; John Balliol was frequently confused with Edward Balliol, Washington with Wellington and with Watt, and Drake with Blake; while, as ever, there were a considerable number who failed to distinguish between the "Bill of Rights" and the "Petition of Right," between the "National Covenant" and the "Solemn League and Covenant." One candidate placed Marlborough's campaigns in the thirteenth century, and added that he returned "with the laurels of victory on his brow, determined to wreck the first Reform Bill."

THE AFTERMATH OF THE HOLIDAY.

Holidays are not always a blessing: certainly many people do not derive that benefit from them which they might reasonably expect. Why, the Lancet explains. The holiday, as only too often taken nowadays, is, it points out, not a rest at all. The man who has been chained to a desk for eleven months of the year, and who has taken no more exercise than suffices to carry him to his office day by day, suddenly commences a violent out-door existence; and he walks, or boats, or cycles for many hours every day. He climbs mountains who has for the rest of the year had no more practice in climbing than is implied in negotiating the stairs of his house or the steps of his railway station. When a man makes such a sudden change in his life and exerts himself so intensely and with so little interval for the transition, can there be any room for surprise, asks the "Lancet," that this mode of holiday-making does not send him back refreshed?

ESSENTIAL POINTS.

One of the essential points to remember in going for a holiday is that all change should be gradual. The body must have time to adapt itself to the changed conditions. Day by day the amount of exercise may increase in quantity, until it may become really great, and if this precaution be taken the result will be far superior to that which would have followed if no preparation had been made. The first essential to a holiday that is to do lasting good is therefore, in the "Lancet's" opinion, that the change from the sedentary life to one of energetic outdoor exercise shall be made gradually. But this precaution is really only half of the matter. "It is equally important that the return to the sedentary life should be gradual also, and then the reaction which so often results from a holiday will not occur."

A COMMON FAULT.

A common fault and one productive of much after fatigue is, the "Lancet" proceeds to say, to go too far. Protracted sitting in railway carriages is actively mischievous in many conditions, and especially is it harmful to let a long and wearisome journey immediately precede the return to work. Long journeys, moreover, generally mean great expense, and our contemporary is certain that anxiety as to money actively interferes with the advantages of many holidays. "The man who is tormented with the necessity for strict economy while he has placed himself in an environment where that economy cannot be practised, and where a certain mild recklessness of daily expenditure will alone make life tolerable, is not extracting value from leaving off work—he is only exchanging one set of worries for another."

THE PIONEER OF MUNICIPAL MUSIC.

Doncaster, where Sir Walter Parratt the other day reopened in the magnificent organ of the parish church, was the first town in England to be supplied with music at the public expense. For many years the organist of the parish church was appointed and paid by the Corporation, and so long ago as the middle of the eighteenth century the Corporation maintained a band. The first municipal band conductor was the celebrated Dr. Miller, composer of the well-known tune "Rockingham," who in addition to his duties as organist at the parish church, instructed the players, on the understanding that the Corporation would "be at the expense of the instruments." In the reign of Elizabeth the Corporation appointed "waites to play about the town between 8 and 9 every night," and the last Doncaster "waite" was awarded £20 compensation when the institution came to an end under the Municipal Reform Act of 1832.

MR. BIRRELL'S SOFT ANSWER.

Here is a story about the Secretary for Ireland for the truth of which the London correspondent of the "Glasgow Herald" vouches. The other night Mr. Birrell was dining with some friends, one of whom either did not have all his wits about him or was not quite up to date in personal political knowledge. Some talk took place as to the reputations from various standpoints of English seaports. Which were the most wicked? The thoughtless one mentioned, Liverpool and Bristol. What did Mr. Birrell think? "Well," was the soft answer, "it may be as you say, but you know I was born in the one and I represent the other."

THE CALF OF MAN.

Calf Island, which has just found a new owner after being in possession of the same family for several generations, still enjoys the immunity from taxation that formerly made the Isle of Man a paradise for impecunious people. Unless the countervailing disadvantage of being separated from the mother island by a sound which is almost impassable when tide and wind conflict. At one time the Calf of Man was considered of strategic importance, and fortified, but now even the lighthouses are disused. The coast scenery in the neighbourhood of the Calf is splendidly picturesque; the rocks rise boldly, and form clefts not unlike the "gheos" or "voes" of Orkney.

PRESIDENT TAFT'S GOLF.

President Taft has been holiday making at Beverly, Mass., and being an ardent golfer has played a daily round on the links of the Myopia Hunt Club. One of the newspaper men who had been watching the President's movements at Beverly describes Mr. Taft's golf in a special article in the New York Independent. The President is said "to play golf with a baseball stroke"—i.e., with a short swing. He is described as "a good example" of that type of player. "He rarely misses a ball, and when he has given the ball its smite and sent it sailing on its way he is done. He makes no after poses. . . . He putts well. He covers the Myopia course (which is 6,335 yards long) in something under two hours. That means good going." "In short" (says the Independent article), "he is a very good golfer indeed, and he may be expected to hold his own on any green anywhere no matter how expert his companions.

ANOTHER CLERGYMAN AND THE HATLESS HABIT.

Another rector has followed the example of Cannon Willink, and put an ecclesiastical interdict upon the hatless habit of the summer girl. This time it is the rector of Middleton-on-the-Wolds, in Yorkshire, who, in his parish magazine, enters his protest. He writes that he has had occasion lately to turn women and girls out of his church, especially at weddings, because they entered without covering their heads. No woman or girl, he says, is at any time allowed to enter a church without a covering for her head. It would, the "Christian World" thinks, be interesting to learn whence these clergymen get their authority for prohibitions of this kind. "Now that women wear hats of immense size it is a boon to those seated behind them to find millinery dispensed with."

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance of the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33 Farringdon Road London, England.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The two interests which determine the duration of copywright are evidently those of the public on the one hand and on the other those of the author and his descendants. If the public alone were considered there would be no copywright; if the author alone, copyright would be perpetual. The duration accordingly varies as the tendency is to conciliate one or the other of the two conflicting interests, and most will agree that there has been a very liberal swing of the pendulum towards the side of the authors and their posterity in the bill which extends the period of copyright for fifty years after an author decease. The mere handful of writers at work today after whose works half a century hence people will be asking are probably, like most other people, not greatly interested in descendants of their own of a generation remotor than the second from themselves. Mr. J. Cuthbert Hadden, however, is all for having copyright made perpetual, and counts it to himself for righteousness that for years back he has publicly advocated that view. It is, of course, the remoter descendants of the author whom he wishes to benefit. "I have never been able," he writes, "to understand why I should not be able to 'will' my literary copywrights to my descendants, as I may 'will' the house I have bought or the books on my shelves," and he adds: How can you defend the system by which the publishers draw thousands of pounds from 'Robinson Crusoe' while a direct descendant of Defoe is living off the poor rate?" Now, apart from the question whether the perpetuity of copyrights would not make the springs of knowledge and taste more difficult of access than is desirable for the good of the public, another arises as to whether even by that means the interests of the author's posterity would be effectually safeguarded. It seems rather that unless copyright were made an unsaleable possession and thus property in literature were saddled with the inconveniences that accompany entailed estate, it would be unlikely to descend from generation to generation for very long. Very soon it would come into the possession of an heir of the sort who prefers a lump sum of money to an uncertain and varying income, and who would be accordingly sell his rights, or alternatively, there would be a group of co-heirs who would sell the indivisible copyright and divide the proceeds. In either case the heirloom would go out of the family.

THE CASE OF MILTON'S GRANDDAUGHTER.

In Macaulay's day—and the above is one of Macaulay's arguments—it was not the "direct descendant of Defoe" but Milton's granddaughter who furnished the striking instance of the injustice of a short period of copyright. Talfourd pictured her extreme distress and told how Garrick organised a performance for her benefit, and argued how much more reasonable it was that she should be living in comfort on the income from "Paradise Lost" than deriving eleemosynary aid from the public. This instance made Macaulay pick up his ears, and he remembered his swinging blow. "Why," said Macaulay, "at that time the duration of copyright was longer than even he (Talfourd) at present proposes to make it. The monopoly lasted, not sixty years, but for ever. At the time at which Milton's granddaughter asked charity Milton's works were the exclusive property of the bookseller." What Defoe did with his copyrights one does not know, but if, as seems extremely probable, he parted with them himself, his remote descendant can have no grievance against the law that limits the duration of copyright.

WEEK-END READERS.

In the September issue of the "Book Monthly" there appears a fresh little article called "Week-end Readers." The reader with which the article deals are men and women whose daily routine of hard and uncongenial work leaves them little energy for reading in the evening, but who, nevertheless, build themselves in literature a shadowy isle of bliss by utilising the gap of leisure which divides one working week from another. Of the literary taste of many such readers the writer thinks highly, and, as he speaks from personal knowledge, we may accept his statements at face value. "Among these people," he writes, "are to be found some of the most ardent and sincere worshippers at the shrine of literature. They prefer the real and living work of the great writers to the literature that perisheth." This is admirably noted, and it suggests a reflection upon the apparent capriciousness exhibited by nature in distributing the gift of literary taste. The gift of appreciating literature for its literary qualities differs from some things that superficially resemble it. It differ from what are called "intellectual interest." Every man who has profited by his university training retains to the end of his life and interest in some intellectual subject a branch of science, social questions, or philosophy. But literary perceptions are another matter, and such men are often found to confess quite frankly that they prefer Hall Craine to Mr. De Morgan. Nor is literary appreciation the necessary concomitant of social culture. It might be expected that where there are means and leisure and refined social tastes, refined tastes in literature would follow as a matter of course. But it is not so, and the book one finds oftenest on the tables of people so privileged is the fashionable novel or some desiduous book on the topic of the hour. On the other hand, one finds excellent literary enthusiasm in unexpected places. One may know a telegraph clerk with an intuition into the secret of Meredith's poetry, a cabinet maker who has an expert knowledge of and a passion for the prose of the seventeen century, a draper's assistant who knows every line that Stevenson ever wrote, or a farmer's son who has the keenest relish for Rossetti, Swinburne, Morris, and Francis Thompson.

DRAMA OF YESTERDAY AND TO-DAY.

The proposal of Mr. Charles Frohman to institute a "Sunday theatre" in New York in which to represent plays "that have a sound moral lesson" suggests the reflection how different the didactic drama of to-day is from what hitherto has always borne that name. The old didactic play painted men and things as they ought to be rather than as they are. It held up virtue to admiration and vice to shame, and the one was always richly rewarded and the other received condign punishment. It is the futility of drama of this short that Rousseau seeks to demonstrate in his essay "Sur les Spectacles." The experiment was made in England at the opening of the eighteenth century, and, whether or not it made men and women better while it lasted, it established a tradition of false and high-flown sentiment for the stage, and ended by creating a public who, because there was no sentiment in it, condemned Goldsmith's "Good-natured Man" as "low," while it could sit unflinching through Hoadley's "profligate pantomime." The didactic play of to-day is constructed on a different principle. It aims not so much at influencing the will directly as at clarifying the auditor's ethical ideas. Its method is that of severe realism. It exhibits a moral situation working itself out in a way which may run counter to conventional ideas, and then it proposes to the hearer the question "Is this a reasonable solution or not, in spite of its unconventionality?" Plays of this sort have an immensely powerful mental stimulus, and the immediate dramatic future seems to lie with them.

"NOTES OF A LIFE."

The personality of John Stuart Blackie is likely to be remembered longer than his works, and the better it is known the more lovable does it prove to have been. While he lived he was to the outside world a superficial person, vain and irresponsible to eccentricity. To those who knew his books he was a scholar, a humourist, and a poet of distinction. The letters to his wife which were published as a centenary volume last year revealed him as his intimates had always known him—hard-working, thoughtful, and full of ethical quality. It is interesting, accordingly, to know that there is to be a posthumous volume of an autobiographic nature. It is called "Notes of a Life," is already in the press, and is to be published by Blackwood.

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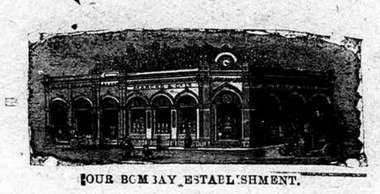

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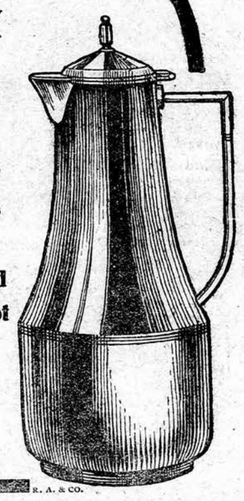

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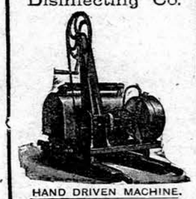

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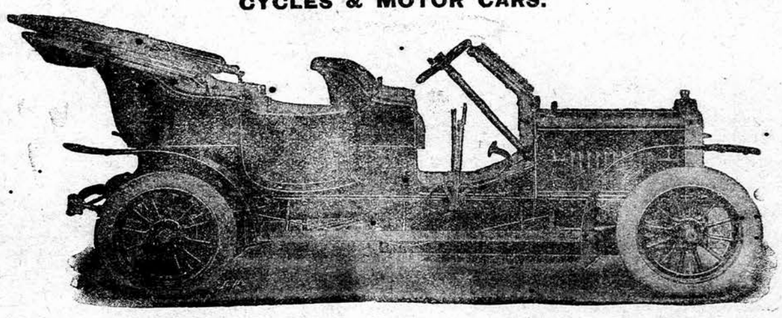

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It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

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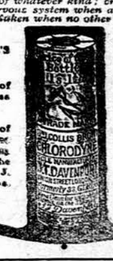

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